



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

PREPARED BY:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CARSON K. SWINFORD, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i - x xi xii xiii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 18
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	19 20
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	21
of Governmental Activities	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	23
Statement of Activities	24
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	25 - 31
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	32
Proprietary Funds	33
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Fiduciary and Plan Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	35
Fiduciary Funds	36
Notes to Financial Statements	37 - 69

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Pension Plan Schedule of Employees Contributions - Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions -	70 71
Other Post Employment Benefits	72
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Description of Nonmajor Governmental Funds	73
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	74
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75
Fund Balances - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Special Revenue Funds	76 - 78
Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	79
Description of Internal Service Funds	80 81
in Fund Net Position - Internal Service Fund	82
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds	83
OTHER SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Changes in Property Taxes Receivable - General Fund	84
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements - General Obligation Bonds	85 - 86
Debt Obligations	87 88
Schedule of Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers (unaudited)	89
Schedule of Unaccounted for Water (unaudited)	90 - 91 92
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position By Component	93
Changes in Net Position	94 - 95
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	96 97 - 98

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property	99
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	100
Principal Property Tax Payers	101
Property Tax Levies and Collections	102
Taxable Sales By Category	103
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	104
Principal Sales Tax Remitters	105
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	106
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt	
Margin	107
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	108
Pledged Revenue Coverage	109
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	110
Principal Employers	111
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	112
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	113
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	114
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND	
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL	
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE	
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	115 - 116
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR	
EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER	
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133	117 - 118
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	119
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	120

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



REGINA SMITHSON MAYOR

JILL BURGIN VICE-MAYOR

KIRK BEDNAR CITY MANAGER



COMMISSIONERS
BETSY CROSSLEY
ANNE DUNN
MARK GORMAN
RHEA E. LITTLE, III
KEN TRAVIS

December 28, 2015

The Honorable Mayor, City Commissioners and Citizens of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee (the "City" or "City of Brentwood") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 is hereby submitted as required by state statutes. These statutes require that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Brentwood for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Crosslin & Associates, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Brentwood for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Brentwood's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The City was required to undergo a single audit for the year ended June 30, 2015 as prescribed by the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Brentwood's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Brentwood is located in middle Tennessee in the northern part of Williamson County, adjacent to the southern border of Metropolitan Nashville-Davidson County. Since the mid-1990's, Middle Tennessee and specifically Williamson County has been the top growth area of the state, and one of the top growth areas in the country. The City of Brentwood currently occupies a land area of 41.3 square miles and has a resident population according to the 2015 special census of 40,401. The City of Brentwood is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation into the officially designated urban growth area, when deemed appropriate from a long term planning perspective.

The City was incorporated on May 13, 1969 pursuant to the uniform City Manager-Commission Charter, Title 6, Chapter 18, Tennessee Code Annotated as supplemented and amended. The governing body of the City is the Board of Commissioners which consists of seven (7) members who serve four-year terms of office. Non-partisan elections for Commissioners are held on a staggered basis in early May every other odd year on the calendar. Commissioners are elected atlarge, rather than by district. Following each regular biennial City election, the Commission elects two of its members to serve for a two-year period as Mayor and Vice Mayor, respectively. The Mayor is the presiding officer of the Commission. The Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing a City Manager, who is chief executive officer of the City. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. City provides a wide range of services characteristic of similar jurisdictions in the State, including public safety (police, fire and rescue, and emergency communications), street maintenance, parks, library, public improvements, planning, codes enforcement and general administrative services. The City also provides water distribution and sewer collection services through the Water and Sewer Fund, a business-type activities fund that has been included as an integral part of the City of Brentwood's financial statements. Electric power is provided by the Nashville Electric Service (NES) and the Middle Tennessee Electric Cooperative. Piedmont Gas Company and Atmos Energy Corporation provide natural gas service in the City.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Brentwood's financial planning and control. The budget preparation process begins in late fall when City departments begin preparation of six-year Capital Improvements Program requests. During December, the staff initiates the review and evaluation of each request in light of available revenues and in accordance with the City's overall goals and objectives. In early March, the City Manager's Office compiles a draft six-year Capital Improvements Plan. After initial review of the draft capital program budget with the City Commission in late March, the program is finalized and submitted to the City Commission for formal consideration beginning in May. The program, as may be modified by the City Commission during the formal review, is adopted by resolution in June.

In early January, City departments begin assessing resource needs for the coming year relative to capital equipment, including fleet; maintenance requirements; technology; and, proposed new or expanded work programs. By late January, a work session is held with the City Commission to review initial revenue projections and receive initial policy guidance on appropriate service levels and personnel policies. Budget requests and supporting documentation are then prepared by individual departments and submitted in February for the Finance Department and the City Manager's review.

During February, the Finance Department staff reviews initial budget submissions and prepares information for the departmental budget review sessions with the City Manager. Generally, the last half of February is set aside for the City Manager's budget review sessions with department heads. Departmental objectives, measures of performance and operating budgets are refined for consolidation in the Proposed Budget document during the month of April. Expenditure and revenue projections for the current fiscal year and estimates for the proposed fiscal year and thereafter are updated with the latest available data. Final adjustments are then made to routine operating expenditures and new and expanded programs for inclusion in the Proposed Budget.

The City Manager's proposed operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year is presented to the City Commission by early May for initial review. A budget work session is held with the City Commission by mid-May to review the budget and proposed nonroutine work plan. This session provides the opportunity for the City Commission to ask questions about the proposed budget and to request additional information or modifications as needed.

After the budget work session, three public hearings are held on the Proposed Budget prior to final reading of the Appropriations and Tax Levy Ordinances. The hearings provide formal citizen input to the City Commission on decisions and issues related to the Budget. The first reading of the Appropriations and Tax Levy Ordinances is typically held at the second regular Board meeting in May. The ordinances are subject to formal consideration and amendments as deemed necessary and adoption on first reading. With the late-June approval on second and final readings of the Ordinances, the Commission officially adopts the Budget for the new fiscal year beginning July 1, and sets the tax rate for the upcoming year.

Amendments may be made to the original appropriations ordinance at any time during a current fiscal year. Except for emergency expenditures, however, increased appropriations may be made only after the city manager has certified in writing that sufficient unappropriated revenue will be available to cover the additional expenditures.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison begins on page 25. The special revenue funds and debt service fund comparison begin on pages 76 and 79, respectively.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Brentwood operates.

Local economy. The local economy in Brentwood and the Nashville/Middle Tennessee area as a whole is very strong compared to many communities and regions across the USA. The City of Brentwood and Williamson County benefit from having the highest per capita income and the lowest unemployment rates in the State of Tennessee. Williamson County is also the 16th wealthiest county in the United States based on median household income. The most recently available statistics for June 2015 indicates a 4.9 percent unemployment rate for Brentwood, down from 5.7 percent a year ago. This compares to the Williamson County rate of 4.6 percent, the statewide rate of 5.7 percent, and national jobless rate of 5.3 percent.

The City's official population has steadily increased from 4,099 in 1970; to 9,433 in 1980, to 16,392 in 1990, to 23,445 in 2000, to 37,060 in 2010, and to 40,401 as a result of special census completed in spring of 2015. The census figures reflect a strong but manageable rate of growth (roughly 6.0% annually) from 1970 to 2015. On average, about 930 new residents moved into the City and 300 new homes were constructed annually for the past 16 years.

The strength of the Brentwood economy is reflected in the growth in the tax base. The total valuation for new building related permits issued during the 2014-2015 fiscal year was \$175,649,670 with 931 permits being issued. In fiscal year 2015, Brentwood had a total assessed value of taxable property of \$2,597,902,028 which ranks among the highest of any city in the State of Tennessee regardless of size and population.

The Brentwood area has one of the largest concentrations of suburban office space in the Nashville Metropolitan area with 6.3 million square feet of rentable office space. Over 20,000 people are employed in the office complexes in Brentwood. The latest market survey as of June 30, 2015 revealed a direct vacancy rate for Class A office space of 2.3% in the Brentwood area. This vacancy rate is very favorable with overall rates in the Nashville office market and across the United States.

Many companies locate their national or regional corporate headquarters or offices in Brentwood. The diversity of employment opportunities in the community is significant with the City not dependent on a single, large employer. As employers, they represent diverse economic sectors that include health, retail, telecommunications and financial services. Tractor Supply (retail), Comdata (financial services), AT&T (communications), Brookdale Senior Living (senior residences management), Ozburn-Hessey (logistics), and Lattimore, Black, Morgan & Cain, P.C. (financial services) are examples of companies who have chosen to locate their national or regional offices in Brentwood. Note that in fall of 2014, Tractor Supply opened its new 260,000 square foot corporate headquarters facility and the vacated office rental space previously occupied by Tractor Supply within the Maryland Farms office park has already been absorbed by American Addiction Centers.

The Cool Springs Galleria is located adjacent to the City's southern limits with Brentwood's City limits surrounding the mall on three sides. Since its opening in 1991, the mall has facilitated significant retail development in the Cool Springs area and is now the largest concentration of retail development in the State of Tennessee. This includes significant retail development inside the adjacent Brentwood area resulting in subsequent growth in local sales tax collections. Additional retail development has also occurred in the northern commercial area of the City to serve the office and resident population. The growth in local sales tax collections in the past ten years has allowed the City to maintain a balanced revenue/tax structure and not be heavily dependent on the property tax to fund municipal services. It has also allowed the City to maintain the same effective property tax rate for the past twenty-four (24) years through FY 2015.

The Brentwood/Williamson County community is firmly committed to providing a quality public education system second to none in the United States. Local students are routinely admitted to the highest ranked colleges and universities across the nation. Both Brentwood and Ravenwood High Schools are consistently ranked among the top schools in the nation and Tennessee. Williamson County provides first class facilities and has been very responsive in meeting the growth in student enrollment by constructing new schools, as needed.

Long-term financial planning. The Six-Year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) is an essential component of the City's budget process and allows for broader understanding and deliberation on the essential long-term capital needs of a growing city. The program is annually reviewed, updated and adopted by the City Commission.

Funding for the CIP program is generally balanced among local sources (pay-as-you-go), intergovernmental funding and the issuance of General Obligation and Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds. Highlights of the FY 2016-21 CIP include:

- Development of Wikle and Flagpole parks and design of Phase 2 improvements to Smith Park
- Concord Road Improvements (east of Sunset Rd and from Jones Pkwy to Arrowhead Dr.)
- Franklin Road Improvements (from Concord Rd to Moores Lane)
- Development of a regional public safety radio communication network
- Brentwood Sewer System Rehabilitation
- Brentwood Water System Capacity Improvements

Major Challenges - significant challenges, issues and changes that the City will face in the near future include the following:

• Local Revenue Growth Trends. While the economic conditions in Brentwood and Middle Tennessee are very positive, the country as a whole continues its recovery from the "Great Recession". Fortunately, the City of Brentwood again ended fiscal year 2014-2015 in excellent financial condition due to conservative financial management. General Fund revenue growth greatly exceeded amended budget estimates by \$4,376,956 while expenditures were under the revised appropriation by \$868,130. Even after taking into account special year-end appropriations transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund (\$4,845,000) for advance funding for various capital improvements in fiscal year 2016 and beyond, the fund balance increased by \$2,460,709 from the previous fiscal year (from \$35,398,613 to \$37,859,322). As noted earlier, this positive increase was possible due to continued conservative revenue estimates, an improving local economy, and a strong Hall Income Tax revenue distribution. Looking ahead to fiscal year 2015-2016 and beyond, we anticipate continued moderate to strong revenue growth from the key tax sources such as property taxes, local sales taxes and state shared Several new development and significant redevelopment projects either approved or already underway will provide additional new retail and restaurant options in the next 24 months and beyond. Also, the special census completed in FY 2015 will allow the City to capture an additional \$350,000+ in state shared revenues beginning July 1, 2015. However, the uncertainty in the national economy and federal budget along with continuing efforts in the state legislature toward eventual elimination of the Hall Income Tax and possible redistribution of state shared sales taxes could affect the City's financial position in future years. Note that the FY 2015-16 General Fund operating budget reflects a \$150,000 decrease (from \$900,000 down to \$750,000) in budgeted revenue from the Hall Income Tax in an effort to begin reducing operating budget reliance on this revenue source which is expected to eventually be eliminated by the state. To continue to meet expenditure obligations in challenging areas such as salaries, health insurance and retirement benefits without a property tax increase or use of reserves to fund on-going operations, the City will continue to focus on controlling expenses and doing "more with less." From a short-term perspective, the staff is confident that the fiscal year 2016-2017 General Fund budget will be balanced without a property tax increase and done in a way that does not reduce essential services or affect the quality of life in Brentwood, assuming no radical revenue adjustments imposed by the state legislature during the 2016 legislative session or no major new program initiatives instituted at the direction of the Board of Commissioners.

- Local Housing Market. Brentwood continues to be one of the most desirable communities in which to live in the Nashville/Middle Tennessee area. After the dramatic slowdown in new housing starts in calendar years 2009 (68) and 2010 (140) associated with the Great Recession, starts have returned to the historic annual average and totaled 252 in fiscal year 2015. Housing prices are increasing, reflecting the status of the housing market in Williamson County and throughout most of Middle TN. The majority of new home development includes prices in the \$600,000 \$1,000,000+ range. The resale of existing homes also shows strong activity, with the average monthly median price in calendar year 2015 to date at over \$630,000. Artificially low interest rates due to the monetary policies of the Federal Reserve Bank are helping to stimulate demand for housing in America today. While this is positive for the country short term, there are still many unknowns in the future for housing that could adversely affect our local housing market.
- **Demands on Infrastructure.** As Brentwood moves closer to build out of available land within the city limits, attention must be given to ensuring that our infrastructure is sufficient to serve the community at build out. While traffic continues to be the primary infrastructure concern for most residents, it is also the one infrastructure issue least controlled by the City. With an interstate highway bisecting the city from north to south and all of our major arterial roads being state highways, we do not have control of improvement decisions and funding for the most heavily traveled routes through town. In addition, the strong pace of development in our surrounding area means that traffic growth through Brentwood will continue even after build out within Brentwood itself. Finally, simply widening roads, adding interstate exits, etc. as a strategy to address traffic problems is not financially sustainable for either the city or the state. Thus, incremental capacity and traffic signal technology improvements will be the focus of transportation funding in the years to come while the Nashville region strives to reach a consensus on a plan for regional mass transit in the future. Besides transportation, policies related to the long-term capacity of the water and sewer utility infrastructure are the other challenge facing the City in the next few years. Efforts to continue expansion of the City's water system capacity are continuing with two major water pump station replacement projects completed in 2015, but policy decisions related to rate structures and conservation incentives will be addressed in the development of a financial model for the Water and Sewer Fund in FY 2015-2016. Also in calendar year 2015, efforts related to modeling of the City's sewer system along with regulatory approval of Phase II sewer rehabilitation plans and long-term capacity projections will provide a clearer picture of the need for additional wastewater capacity to serve the community through build out.

Relevant financial policies. The City's fund balance policy states that the City maintain a minimum unassigned general fund reserve in excess of forty percent (40%) of annual operating expenses. Such fund balance shall serve cash flow needs, protect against unforeseen emergencies and enhance the credit worthiness of the City. The City exceeded this fiscal policy objective by ending FY 2015 with an unassigned fund balance for the general fund of \$32,847,950, or 87% of FY 2015 general fund expenditures and transfers, including year-end transfers to the Capital Projects Fund.

In addition, the City strives to maintain an unallocated fund balance in the Debt Service Fund equal to one (1) year's General Obligation debt service requirement. This policy objective was also met, as the FY 2015 ending fund balance in the Debt Service Fund was \$3,621,272 compared to new budgeted debt service payments for FY 2016 of \$3,487,935.

Major Initiatives for the Year - The significant projects, events and accomplishments during the City's 2014-2015 fiscal year included the following:

- *Credit Quality* The City of Brentwood's financial position remains exceptionally strong with an Aaa bond rating from Moody's Investors Services and an AAA rating from Standard and Poor's, both reaffirmed by the rating agencies in July, 2013. The City has maintained the highest possible bond rating since January 2000.
- Capital Improvements Funded The City Commission responsibly addressed the infrastructure demands of the community through formulation, update, adoption and implementation of the City's six-year capital improvements program for FY 2015-2020, including a realistic financing and debt management plan.
- *Stable Property Tax Rate* The City of Brentwood property tax rate that was approved in June 2015 for the new fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015 June 30, 2016 will be \$.44 per \$100 of assessed value, which represents the same effective tax rate for the 25th year in a row. Brentwood continues to have one of the lowest tax rates in the State of Tennessee for any full service municipality with the City property tax bill for the average home valued at \$600,000 being \$660 annually.
- **Proactive Focus** The City Commission continued to focus staff efforts on identifying and addressing the long-term needs of the City through formal adoption of a non-routine work plan setting goals and objectives for all City departments for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.
- **Productivity Improvement** Brentwood is strongly committed to improving the productivity and responsiveness of City departments through the effective use of new technology and equipment in daily operations. This on-going focus has kept the overall growth in City staffing levels low while enabling the City to be responsive to expanding service demands (police, fire, parks, public works, library, inspections, etc.). The result is that the number of full-time employees per 1,000 residents for the adopted fiscal year 2015-2016 budget will be 6.3 versus 8.54 in fiscal year 1990-1991 or 26% less. To put this productivity gain in perspective, if the City were operating at the same per capita staffing levels today as in FY 1991, the City would have 91 additional full-time employees (345 rather than 254) with additional personnel cost to the City of \$7.5 million annually. Funding would have required a 67% increase in the City property taxes, a corresponding \$7.5 million or 21% cut in current General Fund services or a combination of tax increases and service reductions.

- Opening of Marcella Vivrette Smith Park With the anticipated build-out of the City in the next 10-15 years and the more favorable cost of land due to the economic slowdown, the City undertook a significant step to insure the permanent preservation of a significant amount of open space for future generations to enjoy with the purchase of almost 400 acres of the Ravenswood Farm. The land cost was \$12.9 million with the initial \$5 million paid in December 2010 and a second \$5 million paid in December 2011 from the proceeds of the August 2011 General Obligation bond issue. The final payment of \$2.9 million was made in December 2013 from available unassigned General Fund reserves. Construction on Phase I improvements to the park and renovation of the historic Ravenswood mansion began in spring 2013 with the mansion hosting its first event in August of 2014 and Phase I of the park opening in November of 2014.
- New Commercial Development Activity Significant commercial development continued during FY 2015. Construction of the new corporate headquarters for Tractor Supply Company was completed in summer of 2014 and the company officially occupied the facility in the fall of 2014. This project consists of two connected buildings totaling 260,000 square feet. The Mallory Park commercial development continued to experience strong demand with approval of development plans for 83,000 square feet of office space and an additional new car dealership to serve the Maserati, Aston Martin, Bentley, and Rolls Royce brands. Redevelopment of the Synergy Office Park, now known as CityPark Brentwood, began in early 2014 and includes a new 125 room hotel and over 60,000 square feet of new retail space. The first phase of the retail space opened in spring of 2015 with several new restaurant and retail options. The hotel is expected to open in early calendar year 2016.

Construction of the 393 unit Tapestry condo/apartment development was completed in early 2015 and tenant move-ins began in May of 2015. Finally, construction work began on Phase 1 of the redevelopment plan for the 17 acre site at the corner of Maryland Way and Franklin Road in the heart of the northern commercial district. Overall plans call for a 600,000 square foot mixed-use office and retail development. The first phase currently under construction and scheduled to be complete in fall of 2016, will include an office building which will serve as the new headquarters for Lattimore, Black, Morgan & Cain P.C., one of the city's largest employers that will be relocating from an existing office building within Maryland Farms.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Brentwood for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2014. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year (fiscal years ended 1986-2014) that the government has achieved this award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes our conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award. The City has been recognized by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) with the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. This represents the twenty-third consecutive year the City has met or exceeded the program's requirements. This award represents the highest recognition possible in governmental budgeting.

The award program critiques the budget document on its proficiency as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and as a communications device. The award is valid for a period of one year. Management will continue to improve the City's budget based on comments and suggestions from the review and will conform to program requirements and changes.

Acknowledgments. The efforts of the members of the Finance Department office staff and the cooperation of each of the City's departments were essential in the preparation of this report. Specific appreciation is expressed to City Treasurer Karen Harper on her preparation and thoroughness throughout the audit process.

Also, the City is indebted to the staff of Crosslin and Associates, PLLC for its valuable guidance and assistance. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the Board of Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Brentwood's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kirk Bednar City Manager Carson K. Swinford Finance Director

Can K. Suff



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

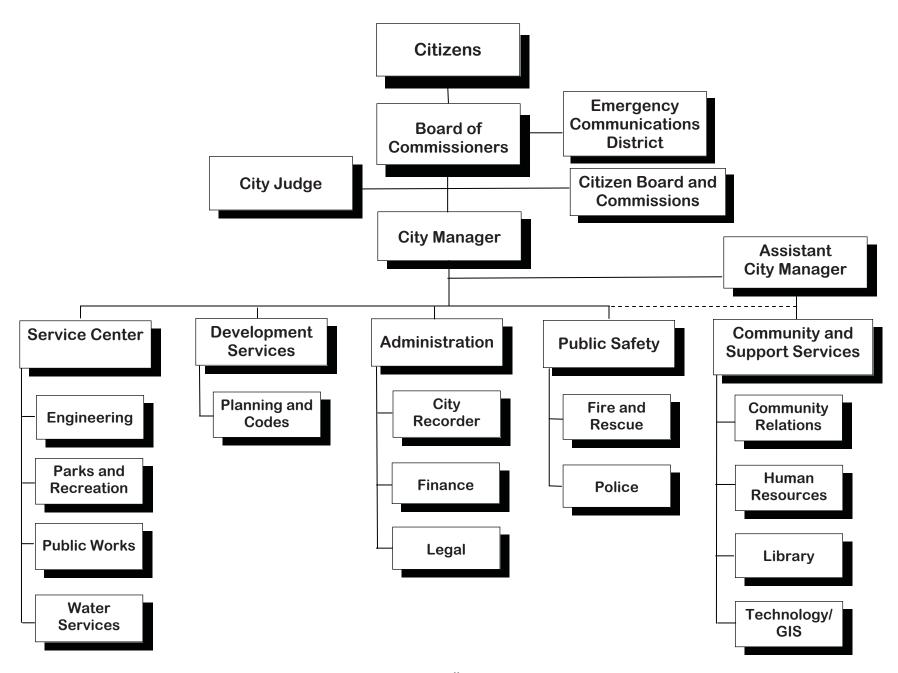
City of Brentwood Tennessee

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

City of Brentwood Organizational Chart



CITY OF BRENTWOOD LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2015

Elected:

MayorRegina R. SmithsonVice MayorJill BurginCommissionerAnne DunnCommissionerBetsy CrossleyCommissionerMark GormanCommissionerRhea E. Little, IIICommissionerKen Travis

Appointed:

City Manager Kirk Bednar Assistant City Manager Jay Evans City Attorney Roger A. Horner Deborah Hedgepath City Recorder Finance Director Carson K. Swinford City Treasurer Karen W. Harper Human Resource Director Michael Worsham Police Chief Jeff Hughes Fire Chief **Brian Goss** Planning and Codes Director Jeff Dobson Public Works Director Jeff Donegan **Engineering Director** Mike Harris Water and Sewer Director Chris Milton Library Director Susan Earl Community Relations Director Linda Lynch Parks and Recreation Director David M. Bunt **Technology Director** John I. Allman, IV City Judge Laurie Jewett

FINANCIAL SECTION





Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Brentwood Brentwood, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee, (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, in fiscal year 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 18, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios - pension plan on page 70, the schedule of employer contributions - pension plan on page 71, and the schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions - other post employment benefits on page 72, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Brentwood, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules on pages 74 through 79, the combining and individual internal service fund statements on pages 81 through 83, the other schedules on pages 84 through 92 and the statistical section on pages 93 through 114 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* and the State of Tennessee, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining and individual internal service fund statements, the other schedules on pages 84 through 87 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining and individual internal service fund statements, the other financial schedules on pages 84 through 87, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section on pages i through xiii, other schedules on pages 89 through 92 and the statistical section on pages 93 through 114 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Crosslin & Associates, PLLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Brentwood, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Nashville, Tennessee December 28, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee (the "City" or the "City of Brentwood"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The analysis focuses on significant financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on current year activities and resulting changes. Please consider the information presented here in conjunction with our Letter of Transmittal (page i) and the City's financial statements (beginning on page 19).

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Brentwood exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$346,973,529 (net position). Of this amount, \$86,654,101 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$26,382,860 compared to prior year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Brentwood's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$62,278,366 an increase of \$6,720,691 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 52.7% of this total amount, \$32,847,950 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$32,847,950, or 86.8% of fiscal year 2015 final general fund expenditures. This demonstrates the City's fiscal discipline and places the City in a strong financial position to meet unexpected emergencies, uncertainties at the State level or the current slowdown in the economy.
- The City of Brentwood's total debt decreased by \$4,195,000 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the payment of principal amounts for existing General Obligation debt (\$2.6M) and Water & Sewer debt (\$1.6M).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Brentwood's basic financial statements. The City of Brentwood's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Brentwood's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Brentwood's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Brentwood is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Brentwood that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Brentwood include general government, public safety, roads and streets, public health, parks and recreation, public library, community support, drug education, facilities maintenance projects and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City of Brentwood include the Water and Sewer Fund, Municipal Center Fund and Emergency Communications District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 20 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Brentwood, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Brentwood can be divided into four categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Brentwood reports seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and the capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 24 of this report.

Budget to Actual Comparisons - General Fund. The City of Brentwood adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund can be found on pages 25 - 31 of this report.

Proprietary funds. There are two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Brentwood uses enterprise funds to account for activities in its Water and Sewer Fund, Municipal Center Fund and Emergency Communications District.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, Municipal Center Fund and Emergency Communications District. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32 - 34 of this report.

Internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among a City's various functions. The City of Brentwood uses internal service funds to account for its fuel purchases and health insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support a City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City of Brentwood maintains two fiduciary funds: (1) the Post Employment Benefits Trust and (2) the Donations Held in Trust Fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35 - 36 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-69 of this report.

Other information. Included in Required Supplementary Information, the City of Brentwood's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other post employment benefits to its employees is presented, which can be found on pages 70-72 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the debt service, nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and other post employment benefits. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 73 - 83 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

During fiscal year 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.* GASB No. 68 was implemented through a restatement of beginning net position. Amounts within this MD&A have been restated, where practical. See Note 1 for further information.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Brentwood, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$346,973,529 as of June 30, 2015.

City of Brentwood, Tennessee Net Position - Primary Government June 30, 2015 and 2014

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Govern	nme ntal	ype					
	Activ	vities	Activities	T	Total			
	2015	2014 (1)	2015 201	14 (1) 2015	2014 (1)			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 85,335	\$ 77,233	\$ 35,051 \$ 3	37,254 \$ 120,386	\$ 114,487			
Capital Assets	232,768	219,775	73,695	71,458 306,463	291,233			
Total Assets	318,103	297,008	108,746	08,712 426,849	405,720			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,748	2,798	292	298 3,040	3,096			
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	30,704	33,393	27,175	28,821 57,879	62,214			
Other Liabilities	5,447	10,143	3,001	3,704 8,448	13,847			
Total Liabilities	36,151	43,536	30,176	32,525 66,327	76,061			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,111	12,164	477	_ 16,588	12,164			
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	206,296	190,264	48,884	50,452 255,180	240,716			
Restricted	5,140	4,154	-	- 5,140	4,154			
Unrestricted	57,153	49,688	29,501	26,033 86,654	75,721			
Total Net Position	\$ 268,589	\$ 244,106	\$ 78,385 \$ 7	76,485 \$ 346,974	\$ 320,591			

(1) - As restated for GASB Statement No. 68.

By far the largest portion of the City of Brentwood's net position (77%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Brentwood uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Brentwood's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used. These include net position restricted for roads and streets (\$777,195), capital projects (\$3,913,409), and drug enforcement and education (\$448,922).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Brentwood is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Brentwood's net position by \$24,483,047, accounting for 93% of the total growth in the net position of the City of Brentwood. The primary factors underlying this increase include:

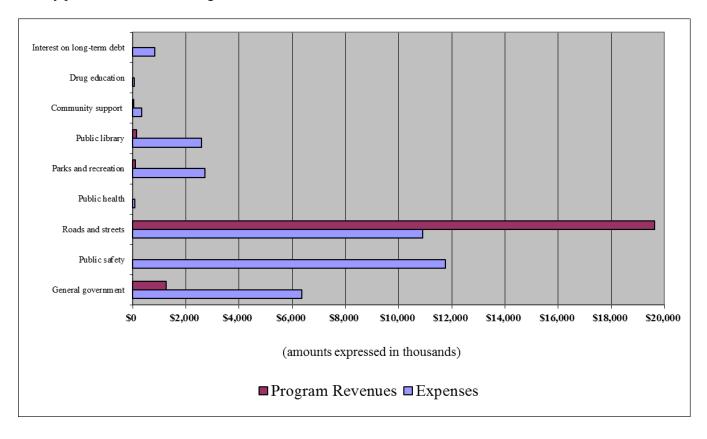
- Donated capital assets from developers were \$16,726,448, primarily from the valuation of streets accepted by the City of Brentwood in fiscal year 2015.
- State Income Tax (Hall Tax) net collections were \$4,004,352, which is \$3,104,352 more than conservative budget estimates of \$900,000.
- Local sales tax collections were \$13,820,565, a \$865,943 (6.68%) increase over last year's collections and were \$1,520,565 (12.36%) higher than FY 2015 original budget estimates.
- Total actual General Fund departments' cost containment measures resulted in \$868,130 less than the amended budget amount of \$38,817,995.

The City's Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

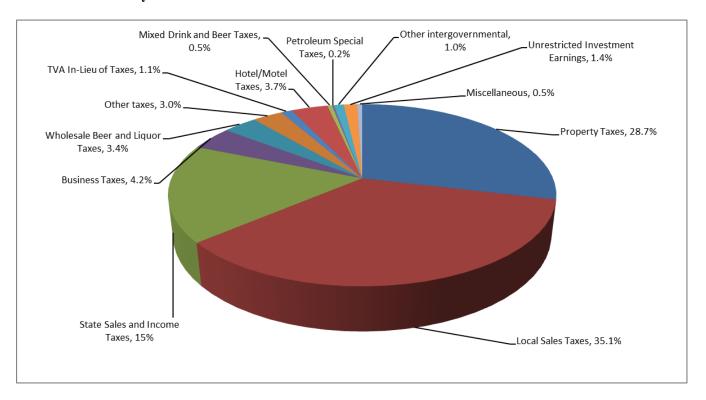
		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015 2014		2015	2014		
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,739	\$ 2,278	\$ 16,005	\$ 15,687	\$ 18,744	\$ 17,965		
Operating grants and contributions	1,725	1,004	563	239	2,288	1,243		
Capital grants and contributions	16,726	4,108	2,193	2,763	18,919	6,871		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	11,291	11,030	-	-	11,291	11,030		
Local option sales tax	13,821	12,955	-	-	13,821	12,955		
Hotel/motel taxes	1,440	1,362	-	-	1,440	1,362		
Wholesale beer and liquor taxes	1,337	1,283	-	-	1,337	1,283		
Adequate schools facilities taxes	619	616	-	-	619	616		
Other taxes	561	537	-	-	561	537		
State sales tax	2,830	2,648	-	-	2,830	2,648		
State income tax	4,004	3,237	-	-	4,004	3,237		
Business tax	1,667	1,882	-	-	1,667	1,882		
TVA in-lieu of tax	430	410	-	-	430	410		
Mixed drink and beer tax	178	182	-	-	178	182		
Petroleum special tax	76	76	-	-	76	76		
Corporate excise tax	57	49	-	-	57	49		
Telecommunications tax	4	4	-	-	4	4		
Other intergovernmental	322	344	-	-	322	344		
Unrestricted investment earnings	538	566	119	85	657	651		
Miscellanous	188	212			188	212		
Total Revenues	60,553	44,783	18,880	18,774	79,433	63,557		
Expenses:								
General government	6,364	6,675	-	-	6,364	6,675		
Public safety	11,769	12,624	-	-	11,769	12,624		
Roads and streets	10,899	9,318	-	-	10,899	9,318		
Public health	89	88	-	-	89	88		
Parks and recreation	2,720	2,631	-	-	2,720	2,631		
Public library	2,582	2,695	-	-	2,582	2,695		
Community support	337	312	-	-	337	312		
Drug education	53	53	-	-	53	53		
Interest on long-term debt	838	1,198	-	-	838	1,198		
Water and sewer	-	-	15,570	15,955	15,570	15,955		
Rental facilities	-	-	699	657	699	657		
Emergency Communications	-	_	1,130	1,224	1,130	1,224		
Total expenses	35,651	35,594	17,399	17,836	53,050	53,430		
Increase in net position before transfers	24,902	9,189	1,481	938	26,383	10,127		
Transfers	(419)			419	-	-		
Increase in net position	24,483	8,770	1,900	1,357	26,383	10,127		
Net position - beginning	244,106	237,106	76,485	75,364	320,591	312,470		
GASB No. 68 restatement		(1,770)		(236)		(2,006)		
Net position - ending	\$ 268,589	\$ 244,106	\$ 78,385	\$ 76,485	\$ 346,974	\$ 320,591		

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

As the graph below shows, Public Safety expenses represent the largest activity, reflecting the City's commitment to a safe community. Roads and Streets expenses were also a substantial activity. For the most part, expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.



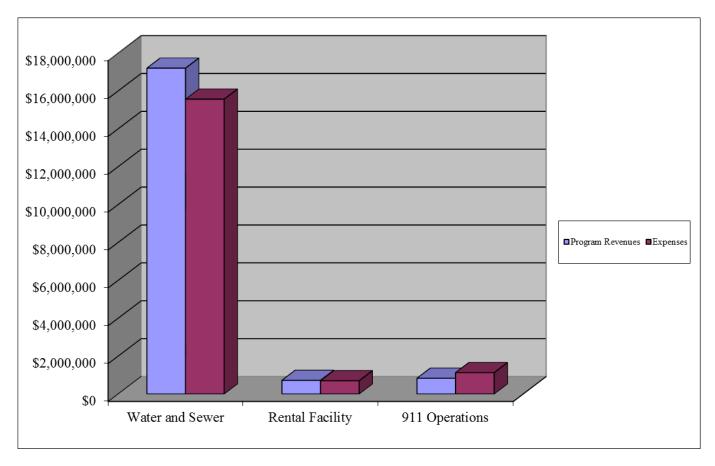
General Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



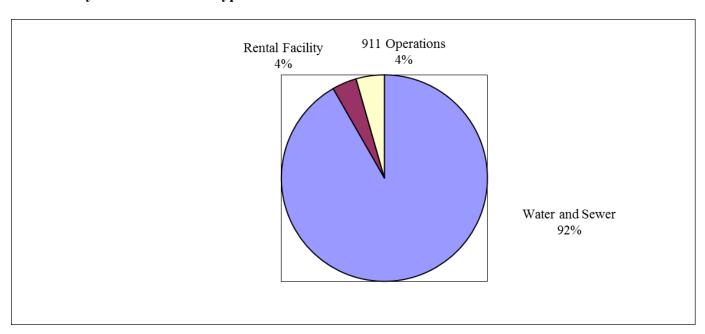
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Brentwood's net assets by \$1,899,813 accounting for 7.2% of the total growth in the government's net position. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The City's Water and Sewer Fund accounts had an increase in net position of \$1,694,410 for the year. This reflects an increase of \$404,705 from the prior year, primarily due to:
 - A net increase in net water/sewer tap fees of \$544,741 (note: FY 2015 fees included Moreland Investors \$42,000, Synergy Hotel Partners \$320,000, MRG Pizza Tennessee \$37,177, Morgan Homes, INC. \$45,150, MTN Brentwood, LLC \$63,484, Cheddar's Casual Café \$39,500 and SEV Mallory I, LLC \$189,750).
 - 2. Total water revenue collections increased \$458,500 from the previous year due to a dryer summer.
- The City's Municipal Center Fund accounts had a positive change in net position of \$29,716 for the year, an increase of \$6,392 from the previous year, basically no change from the previous year.
- The Emergency Communications District (ECD) recorded an increase in net position, including transfers, of \$115,190 for fiscal year 2015. The current year increase was due primarily to a GASB 68 impact on pension expense of \$80,170.
- The allocation of the internal service fund net position to the business type activities resulted in an additional \$60,497 increase in net position at an entity-wide level.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Brentwood uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Brentwood's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Brentwood's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Asset, Liabilities, and Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Total assets	\$ 79,955,362	\$ 78,791,378
Total liabilities	5,161,984	11,069,530
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,515,012	12,164,173
Fund balances:		
Nonspendable	88,444	23,877
Restricted	5,767,455	3,023,343
Committed	23,574,517	21,809,380
Unassigned	32,847,950	30,701,075
Total fund balances	62,278,366	55,557,675
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 79,955,362	\$ 78,791,378

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Brentwood's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$62,278,366, an increase of \$6,720,691 in comparison with the prior year amount. Approximately 53% of this total amount (\$32,847,950) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Per the City's Fund Balance Policy and pursuant to GASB Statement No. 54, the remainder of fund balance is classified as to nonspendable (\$88,444), restricted for a specific purpose per enabling legislation (street repairs - \$777,195, drug enforcement and education - \$448,992 and capital projects - \$4,541,268) and committed for a specific purpose per action by the Board of Commissioners (capital projects - \$15,030,317, debt service - \$3,621,272, equipment replacement - \$2,531,887, facilities maintenance - \$1,355,260 and post-employment benefits - \$1,035,781).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Brentwood. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$32,847,950. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 87% of total fiscal year 2015 general fund expenditures (including transfers).

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 28,453,126	\$ 27,166,209
Licenses and permits	2,077,151	1,609,529
Fines and fees	306,362	307,980
Charges for services	355,626	360,633
Intergovernmental	11,908,249	10,496,352
Uses of money and property	538,317	566,443
Other	188,341	213,000
TOTAL REVENUES	43,827,172	40,720,146
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government	6,388,722	6,061,451
Public safety	13,237,000	12,898,119
Roads and streets	4,874,736	5,146,761
Public health	88,524	88,068
Parks and recreation	2,311,010	1,993,508
Public library	2,291,101	2,255,226
Community support	336,562	312,295
Drug education	17,501	30,717
Capital outlay	3,700,604	8,611,260
Debt service	3,442,021	3,447,781
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	36,687,781	40,845,186
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,139,391	(125,040)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in/out (net)	(418,700)	(418,700)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	-	4,895,000
Proceeds of refunding bonds	-	1,005,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(1,035,464)
Bond premium/discount (net)		125,288
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(418,700)	4,571,124
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	6,720,691	4,446,084
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	55,557,675	51,111,591
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 62,278,366	\$ 55,557,675

The fund balance of the City of Brentwood's general fund (including committed activity budgeted separately) increased by \$2,460,709 during the current fiscal year. Key highlights in this fund for 2015 include:

- Total revenues exceeded budgetary projections by \$4,376,956.
- Local sales tax collections were \$13,820,565 an \$865,943 (6.68%) increase over last year's collections and were \$1,520,565 (12.36%) higher than FY 2015 original budget estimates.
- State Income Tax (Hall Tax) net collections were \$4,004,352 for FY 2015, an increase of \$767,113 compared to prior year net collections and \$3,104,352 higher than FY 2015 budget estimates.
- The general fund departments demonstrated fiscal responsibility by under-spending the appropriated budget by \$868,130.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$3,621,272, all of which is restricted or committed for the future payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$85,047. Principal payments increased \$80,000 and interest payments decreased \$5,651 over FY 2014 amounts. Please see Note 6 for additional information on the City's long-term liabilities.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$15,658,176 all of which is committed for the funding of major capital improvements of the City. The current year net increase of \$2,228,776 includes special year-end appropriation transfers of \$4,985,000 from the General Fund to fund certain proposed capital projects in the FY 2016 budget. Additional details of major capital expenditures are addressed on page 16 of this narrative overview.

Proprietary funds. The City of Brentwood's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$25,453,803, for the Municipal Center Fund, \$1,904,461 and for the Emergency Communications District, \$1,818,233. The total increase in net position for the funds was \$1,694,410, \$29,716 and \$115,190, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have previously been addressed in the discussion of the City of Brentwood's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and final amended budget (\$1,985,000 increase in revenues and \$5,030,450 in current year appropriations) can be summarized as follows:

Revenues

Increases were made to the following accounts for higher than budgeted collections due to improvement in local retail sales and new housing starts:

Local Sales Tax	\$1,200,000
Hotel Taxes	240,000
Real/Personal Property Tax	200,000
State Sales Taxes	200,000
Building Permits	145,000
Total Change in Revenues	\$1,985,000

The following increases to current year appropriations were made:

Appropriations

- 1. A special FY 2015 year-end appropriation transfer of \$1,845,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund funded through projected excess revenue collections in the current fiscal year to pay for certain proposed FY 2016 capital projects and equipment. The projects include funding for upgrades and expansion of the City's radio communication system (\$1,000,000), a replacement fire station alerting system known as Locution (\$180,000), funding for Smith Park maintenance projects, including driveway widening, replacement of mansion roof and stabilization of the historic kitchen building (\$400,000), Wikle Park off-site improvements (\$125,000) and funding for design and construction of a traffic roundabout at the intersection of Crockett Road and Raintree Parkway/Green Hill Boulevard. (\$140,000).
- 2. A special FY 2015 year-end transfer of \$3,000,000 from the General Fund unassigned fund balance to the Capital Projects fund to provide additional funding for several smaller transportation projects designed to improve safety and congestion delays during peak travel periods.
- 3. A special FY 2015 year-end transfer of \$140,000 from the General Fund to the Equipment Replacement Fund for the FY 2016 purchase of a Bobcat excavator for the Parks Department (\$55,000) and a chipper truck for the Public Works Department (\$85,000). This transfer will be funded through projected excess revenue collections in the current fiscal year.
- 4. An appropriation increase to the Codes Enforcement activity for \$45,450 for two codes vehicles budgeted and approved for purchase in FY 2014, but due to delays, delivered and paid for in FY 2015, with funding provided by the projected savings through the under-spending of budgeted FY 2015 General Fund appropriations.

The General Fund unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2015 is \$32,847,950. Even with this reduction due to the appropriation amendment, the unassigned fund balance exceeds the stated budget policy objective of maintaining a minimum of 40% reserves (based on the amount of the annual budget appropriation) for future needs and emergencies.

Significant differences (greater than \$100K) between the final amended budget and actual amounts can be summarized as follows:

- 1. Local Sales tax was \$320,565 more than budgeted projections due to continued improvement and growth in local retail sales.
- 2. Real and Personal Property Tax Collections were \$134,232 more than budgeted projections due to new housing starts in FY 2015.
- 3. Wholesale Liquor Tax Collections were \$107,699 higher than budget projections due to continued growth in local liquor sales.
- 4. The Licenses and Permits collections category were \$103,751 more than budgeted projections due to various revenue accounts under this category exceeding budget FY 2015 projections, including Site Plans Fees (\$25,453), Plumbing Permits (\$25,193), Mechanical Permits (\$12,761) and Traffic Consultant Review Fees (\$12,451).
- 5. State income tax collections exceeded budgeted projections by \$3,104,352 due to conservative budgeting and higher investment market returns.
- 6. Business Tax collections were \$267,422 higher than budgeted projections due to conservative budgeting and from the State's ability to review Federal and State databases on businesses for cross checking/auditing/compliance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Brentwood's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$306,462,885 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and bridges. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The acceptance of streets (or sections of streets) within the city limits as public streets, with a valuation (including right-of way and easements) of \$16,726,448
- Substantial multi-year improvements to the Marcella Vivrette Smith Park of approximately \$7.9M, including a vehicle & pedestrian access bridge across the railroad and associated parking facilities, unpaved hiking trails, a paved multi-use trail connecting to the City's existing trail network and renovation of the Ravenswood house for public use
- Purchase of eleven replacement vehicles for the Police Department
- SAM (Smart Access Manager) Software Library
- Two Dodge Ram Trucks Codes Department
- Groundmaster 4500 Mower and Kit Parks Department
- Bandit Chipper Truck Public Works
- Ford Super Duty F-250 Public Works
- Chevrolet Silverado 250 Parks Department
- Chevrolet Tahoe Fire and Rescue Department
- Freightliner Dump Truck Public Works
- Pierce Pumper Fire Truck Fire and Rescue
- Traffic Operations Center Camera Upgrades
- Police Records and Court Software
- Various building and system additions and improvements were completed in the Water and Sewer Fund at a cost of \$5,207,100

City of Brentwood Capital Assets (net of depreciation) June 30, 2015 and 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2015		2014	_	2015		2014		2015		2014
Land	\$	114,354	\$	106,814	\$	1,177	\$	1,125	\$	115,531	\$	107,939
Buildings and improvements		15,855		16,215		1,624		1,751		17,479		17,966
Utility plant in service		-		-		67,961		65,521		67,961		65,521
Improvements other than buildings		4,665		2,705		1,346		1,435		6,011		4,140
Machinery and equipment		6,977		6,711		1,305		1,544		8,282		8,255
Infrastructure		90,592		80,361		-		-		90,592		80,361
Construction in progress	_	325		6,969		282		82	_	607		7,051
Net Capital Assets	\$	232,768	\$	219,775	\$	73,695	\$	71,458	\$	306,463	\$	291,233

Additional information on the City of Brentwood's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term bonded debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Brentwood had total long-term bonded debt outstanding of \$54,180,000. Of this amount, \$45,185,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$8,995,000 comprises bonds secured by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds). All debt is through the issuance of bonds for periods not exceeding 20 years at fixed interest rates.

City of Brentwood Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds June 30, 2015 and 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Busine Activ	• •	To	tal	tal	
	 2015		2014	 2015	 2014	 2015		2014	
General obligation bonds	\$ 27,145	\$	29,700	\$ 18,040	\$ 18,890	\$ 45,185	\$	48,590	
Revenue and tax bonds	 _			 8,995	9,785	 8,995		9,785	
Total bonds	27,145		29,700	27,035	28,675	54,180		58,375	
Premiums (discounts), net	 645		707	 140	146	 785		853	
Total	\$ 27,790	\$	30,407	\$ 27,175	\$ 28,821	\$ 54,965	\$	59,228	

The City of Brentwood's total long-term debt decreased by \$4,195,000 (7%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the payment of principal amounts for existing General Obligation debt (\$2.6M) and Water & Sewer debt (\$1.6M).

The City of Brentwood maintains an Aaa rating from Moody's Investors Service and an AAA rating from Standard and Poor's for its general obligation and revenue and tax bonds debt. This is the highest bond rating possible and permits the City to receive the most favorable interest rates on our bonds.

State statutes set no limit for the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue. The total long-term bonded debt outstanding for the City of Brentwood of \$54,180,000 translates to approximately \$1,341 per capita using the 2015 City Special Census Certified Population of 40,401.

Additional information on the City of Brentwood's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City of Brentwood is currently 4.9%, a decrease from 5.7% a year ago. This compares to the county's rate of 4.6%, the state's average unemployment rate of 5.7% and the national average rate of 5.3%.
- The direct office space vacancy rate of the City of Brentwood's central business district was 2.3% as of June 2015.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Brentwood's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, the total unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased to \$32,847,950. The City of Brentwood has not appropriated any of this amount for spending in the 2016 fiscal year budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Brentwood's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

City of Brentwood Attn: Finance Director PO Box 788 Brentwood, Tennessee 37024-0788 E-mail: financedirector@brentwoodtn.gov www.brentwoodtn.gov

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE						
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL					
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 61,136,501	\$ 29,423,153	\$ 90,559,654					
Property tax receivable	11,627,381	-	11,627,381					
Sales tax receivable	1,221,483	-	1,221,483					
Intergovernmental revenue receivable	6,714,320	-	6,714,320					
Accounts receivable	376,695	2,377,946	2,754,641					
Internal balances	(246,853)	246,853	-					
Inventories	35,829	178,617	214,446					
Prepaid expenses	83,988	557	84,545					
Restricted assets:								
Cash	1,262,894	2,507,257	3,770,151					
Capital assets:								
Utility plant in service	-	108,952,932	108,952,932					
Land	114,354,031	1,177,330	115,531,361					
Buildings and structures	22,533,038	4,309,312	26,842,350					
Improvements other than buildings	14,118,761	2,478,488	16,597,249					
Furniture, machinery and equipment	20,556,171	4,735,240	25,291,411					
Infrastructure	214,642,215	· · · · · -	214,642,215					
Construction in progress	324,591	282,079	606,670					
Accumulated depreciation	(153,761,153)	(48,240,150)	(202,001,303)					
Other post employment benefits asset	1,629,078	120,000	1,749,078					
Net pension asset	1,493,115	197,926	1,691,041					
rect pension asset								
TOTAL ASSETS	318,102,085	108,747,540	426,849,625					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,747,978	291,574	3,039,552					
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	1,212,775	2,061,725	3,274,500					
Claims payable	80,553	2,001,723	80,553					
Accrued salaries and benefits	594,253	340,757	935,010					
Accrued interest	281,441	275,310	556,751					
Other payables	3,107,503	159,651	3,267,154					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	170,000	165,016	335,016					
Long-term liabilities:	170,000	105,010	333,010					
Due within one year	3,615,000	1,670,000	5,285,000					
Due in more than one year	27,089,447	25,505,100	52,594,547					
Due in more than one year	21,007,441	25,505,100	32,374,347					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,150,972	30,177,559	66,328,531					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,110,501	476,616	16,587,117					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	206,296,175	48,883,727	255,179,902					
Restricted for:	200,270,175	40,003,727	255,177,702					
Roads and streets	777,195	_	777,195					
Capital projects	3,913,409	-	3,913,409					
Drug enforcement and education	3,913,409	-	3,913,409 448,922					
_	,	20.501.212						
Unrestricted	57,152,889	29,501,212	86,654,101					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 268,588,590	\$ 78,384,939	\$ 346,973,529					

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		PROGRAM REVENUES					NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
				OPERATING		CAPITAL	PR	IMARY GOVERNMEN	T	(5,095,316) (11,769,252) 8,736,876 (88,524) (2,610,565) (2,438,575) (304,824) (53,330)			
		CH	ARGES FOR	GRANTS AND		RANTS AND	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	S	ERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CON	TRIBUTIONS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES		TOTAL			
Primary Government:			_			_							
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 6,364,225	\$	1,268,909	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (5,095,316)	\$ -	\$	(5,095,316)			
Public safety	11,769,252		-	-		-	(11,769,252)	-		(11,769,252)			
Roads and streets	10,899,396		1,185,065	1,724,759		16,726,448	8,736,876	-		8,736,876			
Public health	88,524		-	-		-	(88,524)	-		(88,524)			
Parks and recreation	2,720,304		109,739	-		-	(2,610,565)	-		(2,610,565)			
Public library	2,582,263		143,688	-		-	(2,438,575)	-		(2,438,575)			
Community support	336,562		31,738	-		-	(304,824)	-		(304,824)			
Drug education	53,330		-	-		-	(53,330)	-		(53,330)			
Facilities maintenance projects	-		-	-		-	-	-		-			
Fuel supplies	-		-	-		-	-	-		-			
Health insurance premiums and claims	-		-	-		-	-	-		-			
Interest on long-term debt	838,018		-			-	(838,018)			(838,018)			
Total governmental activities	35,651,874		2,739,139	1,724,759		16,726,448	(14,461,528)			(14,461,528)			
Business-type activities:													
Water and Sewer	15,569,461		15,011,973	_		2,192,730	_	1,635,242		1.635.242			
Rental facilities	699,412		723,714	_		-	_	24,302					
911 operations	1,130,021		269,612	562,808		_	_	(297,601)					
Total business-type activities	17,398,894		16,005,299	562,808		2,192,730		1,361,943					
• •		ф.			6				_				
Total primary government	\$ 53,050,768	\$	18,744,438	\$ 2,287,567	\$	18,919,178	(14,461,528)	1,361,943	_	(13,099,585)			
	General Revenues:												
	Taxes:												
	Property taxes						11,290,941	-					
	Local option sale						13,820,565	-					
	Hotel/motel taxes						1,439,717	-					
	Wholesale beer a						1,337,106	-					
	Adequate schools	facilities	taxes				618,838	-		618,838			
	Other taxes						561,144	-		561,144			
	Unrestricted intergo	vernment	al taxes:										
	State sales tax						2,829,973	-		2,829,973			
	State income tax						4,004,352	-		4,004,352			
	Business tax						1,667,422	-		1,667,422			
	TVA in-lieu tax						429,531	-		429,531			
	Mixed drink and						178,237	-		178,237			
	Petroleum specia						76,169	-		76,169			
	Corporate excise						57,008	-		57,008			
	Telecommunicati						3,654	-		3,654			
	Other intergover						321,960	-		321,960			
	Unrestricted investr	nent earn	ngs				538,317	119,170		657,487			
	Miscellaneous						188,341	-		188,341			
	Transfers						(418,700)	418,700					
	Total genera	l revenue	s and transfers				38,944,575	537,870	-	39,482,445			
	Change	in net pos	sition				24,483,047	1,899,813		26,382,860			
	Net Position - beginning	ng, as rest	ated				244,105,543	76,485,126		320,590,669			
	Net Position - ending						\$ 268,588,590	\$ 78,384,939	\$	346,973,529			

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		DEBT			CAPITAL	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL	GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL
	GENERAL		SERVICE	_	PROJECTS		FUNDS		FUNDS
ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,685,566	\$	3,621,272	\$	14,645,394	\$	4,620,434	\$	58,572,666
Receivables:	,,	-	-,,	-	- 1,0 10,00	-	.,,	_	,
Property tax	11,627,381		_		_		_		11,627,381
Sales tax	1,221,483		_		_		_		1,221,483
Intergovernmental	5,727,464		-		713,860		272,996		6,714,320
Accounts	325,639		-		-		-		325,639
Miscellaneous	10,010		-		-		1,468		11,478
Due from other funds:									
Water and Sewer Fund	-		-		77,769		-		77,769
General Fund	-		-		53,288		-		53,288
Prepaid items and deposits	83,988		-		-		-		83,988
Inventories of supplies	4,456		-		-		-		4,456
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	17,511			_	797,859		447,524		1,262,894
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 54,703,498	\$	3,621,272	\$	16,288,170	\$	5,342,422	\$	79,955,362
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable	523,036		_		459,994		202,826		1,185,856
Accrued salaries	594,253		_		-		,		594,253
Due to other funds:	07.,200								05.,200
Capital Projects Fund	53,288		_		_		_		53,288
Fuel Fund	44,084		_		_		_		44,084
Water and Sewer Fund	7,000		_		_		_		7,000
Other payables	3,107,503		_		_		_		3,107,503
Retainage payable	-		_		170,000		_		170,000
		-		_		-		_	2.0,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,329,164			_	629,994	_	202,826		5,161,984
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,515,012			_				-	12,515,012
FUND BALANCES:									
Fund balance:									
Nonspendable	88,444		-		-		-		88,444
Restricted for street repairs	-		-		-		777,195		777,195
Restricted for drug enforcement and education	-		-		-		448,992		448,992
Restricted for capital projects	-		-		627,859		3,913,409		4,541,268
Committed to capital projects	-		-		15,030,317		-		15,030,317
Committed to debt service	-		3,621,272		-		-		3,621,272
Committed to equipment replacement	2,531,887		-		-		-		2,531,887
Committed to facilities maintenance	1,355,260		-		-		-		1,355,260
Committed to funding post employment benefits	1,035,781		-		-		-		1,035,781
Unassigned	32,847,950				-	-			32,847,950
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	37,859,322	_	3,621,272		15,658,176	_	5,139,596		62,278,366
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 54,703,498	\$	3,621,272	\$	16,288,170	\$	5,342,422	\$	79,955,362
		_	- , , - / -	<u>-</u>	-,,	-	- ,,	<u>-</u>	,,

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2015

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$ 62,278,366
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet		232,767,654
Net other post employment benefits asset in governmental activities is not a current financial resource and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Balance Sheet		1,629,078
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due		(281,441)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fuel supplies and health insurance premiums to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		2,253,776
Pension amounts not reported in the funds: Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,493,115 2,057,236 (3,595,489)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Bonds payable Less deferred charges on refunding bonds Less bond discount Add bond premium Compensated absences	(27,145,000) 690,742 4,126 (649,206) (2,914,367)	
		(30,013,705)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$268,588,590

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		GOV	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$ 28,453,126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,453,126
Licenses and permits	1,022,951		-		-		1,054,200		2,077,151
Fines and fees	306,362		-		-		-		306,362
Charges for services	355,626		-		-		-		355,626
Intergovernmental	9,564,652		-		737,981		1,605,616		11,908,249
Uses of money and property	481,544		10,783		31,044		14,946		538,317
Other	120,410			_	-	_	67,931		188,341
TOTAL REVENUES	40,304,671		10,783	_	769,025	_	2,742,693		43,827,172
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	6,384,913		3,809		-		-		6,388,722
Public safety	13,237,000		-		-		-		13,237,000
Roads and streets	4,281,152		-		-		593,584		4,874,736
Public health	88,524		-		-		-		88,524
Parks and recreation	2,311,010		-		-		-		2,311,010
Public library	2,291,101		-		-		-		2,291,101
Community support	336,562		-		-		-		336,562
Drug education	-		-		-		17,501		17,501
Capital outlay	-		-		3,685,249		15,355		3,700,604
Debt service			3,442,021	_					3,442,021
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,930,262		3,445,830	_	3,685,249		626,440		36,687,781
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	11,374,409	((3,435,047)	_	(2,916,224)		2,116,253		7,139,391
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	- (0.012.700)		3,350,000		5,145,000		-		8,495,000
Transfers out	(8,913,700)			_			-		(8,913,700)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(8,913,700)		3,350,000	_	5,145,000		<u>-</u> .		(418,700)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,460,709		(85,047)		2,228,776		2,116,253		6,720,691
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	35,398,613		3,706,319	_	13,429,400	_	3,023,343		55,557,675
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 37,859,322	\$	3,621,272	\$	15,658,176	\$	5,139,596	\$	62,278,366

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	6,720,691
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense for governmental activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets Donated capital assets Depreciation expense		5,316,958 16,726,448 (9,050,384)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities for governmental activities		2,555,000
Interest is accrued on the outstanding bonds in the Statement of Activities, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due:		
Accrued interest on debt obligations at June 30, 2015 Accrued interest on debt obligations at June 30, 2014		(281,441) 372,146
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fuel supplies and health insurance premiums to the individual funds. The changes in net position of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the Statement of		269 207
Activities		368,307
Governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized for governmental activities:		
Amortization of bond premium/discount Amortization of deferred amount on refunding		61,908 (103,610)
Pension income not reported in the funds		1,725,834
Expenses reported for governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Change in accrual for compensated absences	_	71,190
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	24,483,047

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

VARIANCE WITH

				FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		OVER
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNDER)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Local sales tax	\$ 12,300,000	\$ 13,500,000	\$ 13,820,565	\$ 320,565
Real and personal property	10,800,000	11,000,000	11,134,232	134,232
Public utility property tax	167,000	167,000	156,709	(10,291)
Hotel/motel taxes	1,200,000	1,440,000	1,439,717	(283)
Wholesale beer tax	600,000	600,000	639,407	39,407
Wholesale liquor tax	590,000	590,000	697,699	107,699
Television franchise tax	450,000	450,000	502,463	52,463
Other	65,000	65,000	62,334	(2,666)
Licenses and permits	774,200	919,200	1,022,951	103,751
Fines and fees	275,000	275,000	306,362	31,362
Charges for services	448,600	448,600	415,176	(33,424)
Intergovernmental:				
State sales tax	2,550,000	2,750,000	2,829,973	79,973
State income tax	900,000	900,000	4,004,352	3,104,352
Business tax	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,667,422	267,422
TVA in-lieu of tax	400,000	400,000	429,531	29,531
Mixed drink tax	130,000	130,000	160,512	30,512
Beer tax	18,000	18,000	17,725	(275)
Petroleum special tax	75,000	75,000	76,169	1,169
Corporate excise tax	15,000	15,000	57,008	42,008
Telecommunications tax	3,000	3,000	3,654	654
Other	149,050	149,050	149,663	613
Uses of money and property:				
Interest earnings	65,000	65,000	76,141	11,141
Other	279,000	279,000	304,093	25,093
Other	145,500	145,500	187,448	41,948
TOTAL REVENUES	33,799,350	35,784,350	40,161,306	4,376,956
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:				
City Commission:				
Personnel services	161,000	161,000	158,149	(2,851)
Professional services	15,000	15,000	13,875	(1,125)
Other costs	15,000	15,000	8,933	(6,067)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	DUDGETEI			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
	•	O AMOUNTS		OVER	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNDER)	
City Court:					
Personnel services	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 26,980	\$ 1,980	
Other costs	12,600	12,600	2,092	(10,508)	
City Manager's office:					
Personnel services	391,190	391,190	391,183	(7)	
Supplies and materials	5,500	5,500	4,981	(519)	
Professional services	6,000	6,000	3,500	(2,500)	
Other costs	2,750	2,750	1,837	(913)	
Elections:					
Board of commission	45,000	45,000	39,183	(5,817)	
Finance:					
Personnel services	628,670	628,670	605,071	(23,599)	
Supplies and materials	38,500	38,500	27,107	(11,393)	
Professional services	136,000	136,000	107,018	(28,982)	
Repairs and maintenance	50,000	50,000	41,620	(8,380)	
Other costs	25,500	25,500	11,037	(14,463)	
City recorder:					
Personnel services	101,180	101,180	99,854	(1,326)	
Supplies and materials	1,300	1,300	1,091	(209)	
Professional services	5,000	5,000	6,759	1,759	
Repairs and maintenance	11,500	11,500	10,550	(950)	
Other costs	5,700	5,700	5,189	(511)	
Legal services:					
Personnel services	193,465	193,465	193,691	226	
Supplies and materials	15,300	15,300	15,675	375	
Professional services	50,000	50,000	3,507	(46,493)	
Other costs	500	500	8	(492)	
Information/technology:					
Personnel services	520,405	520,405	523,118	2,713	
Supplies and materials	7,550	7,550	2,853	(4,697)	
Professional services	38,000	38,000	35,246	(2,754)	
Repairs and maintenance	91,000	91,000	97,492	6,492	
Other costs	67,100	67,100	74,605	7,505	
Capital outlay	412,000	412,000	410,325	(1,675)	

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUI	DGETED	OUNTS			FINA	NCE WITH L BUDGET OVER	
	ORIC	GINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		(UNDER)	
								
GIS:								
Personnel services	\$ 2	259,450	\$	259,450	\$	246,229	\$	(13,221)
Supplies and materials		4,100		4,100		2,037		(2,063)
Professional services		8,000		8,000		5,130		(2,870)
Repairs and maintenance		28,000		28,000		27,644		(356)
Other costs		500		500		63		(437)
Human resources:								
Personnel services	2	272,610		272,610		272,146		(464)
Supplies and materials		5,400		5,400		2,398		(3,002)
Professional services		82,800		82,800		59,709		(23,091)
Other costs		41,070		41,070		42,181		1,111
Community relations:								
Personnel services		196,115		196,115		193,375		(2,740)
Supplies and materials		30,350		30,350		25,390		(4,960)
Professional services		25,000		25,000		24,343		(657)
Repairs and maintenance		43,000		43,000		43,126		126
Other costs		52,600		52,600		31,671		(20,929)
Planning and development:								
Personnel services	,	325,035		325,035		320,794		(4,241)
Supplies and materials		14,000		14,000		13,738		(262)
Professional services		13,500		13,500		8,310		(5,190)
Repairs and maintenance		38,000		38,000		38,234		234
Other costs		39,300		39,300		40,421		1,121
Codes enforcement:								
Personnel services	,	744,205		744,205		731,260		(12,945)
Supplies and materials		33,000		33,000		23,631		(9,369)
Professional services		5,000		5,000		1,268		(3,732)
Repairs and maintenance		7,000		7,000		8,823		1,823
Other costs		18,600		18,600		12,532		(6,068)
Capital outlay		-		45,450		45,426		(24)
Municipal Center:								
Rent expense	(610,000		610,000		610,000		-
Insurance/other benefits:								
Personnel	,	705,500		705,500		679,068		(26,432)
Other		83,000		83,000		66,637		(16,363)
Total general government	6,	762,845		6,808,295		6,498,113		(310,182)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNDER)
Public safety:				
Police department:				
Personnel services	\$ 5,421,940	\$ 5,421,940	\$ 5,322,616	\$ (99,324)
Supplies and materials	405,500	405,500	366,902	(38,598)
Professional services	71,500	71,500	77,588	6,088
Repairs and maintenance	211,400	211,400	161,227	(50,173)
Other costs	141,900	141,900	132,264	(9,636)
Capital outlay	387,500	387,500	380,000	(7,500)
Fire and Rescue department:	ŕ	,	•	,
Personnel services	5,658,090	5,658,090	5,588,266	(69,824)
Supplies and materials	148,800	148,800	145,427	(3,373)
Professional services	33,000	33,000	16,812	(16,188)
Repairs and maintenance	103,500	103,500	100,141	(3,359)
Other costs	287,700	287,700	280,157	(7,543)
Capital outlay	330,000	470,000	505,695	35,695
Brentwood Safety Center East:				
Supplies and materials	5,500	5,500	4,678	(822)
Professional services	1,000	1,000	560	(440)
Repairs and maintenance	23,500	23,500	30,837	7,337
Other costs	31,650	31,650	29,159	(2,491)
Total public safety	13,262,480	13,402,480	13,142,329	(260,151)
Roads and streets:				
Public works:				
Personnel	1,293,550	1,293,550	1,276,573	(16,977)
Supplies and materials	261,500	261,500	247,245	(14,255)
Professional services	5,000	5,000	8,141	3,141
Repairs and maintenance	1,020,000	1,020,000	1,008,518	(11,482)
Other	62,100	62,100	58,046	(4,054)
Capital outlay	244,500	244,500	239,117	(5,383)
Storm drainage:				
Capital outlay	50,000	50,000	9,844	(40,156)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL				,	A CTUA I	FINAL	NCE WITH BUDGET OVER
		MOINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL		(U	NDER)
Traffic Signalization:								
Street lighting	\$	485,000	\$	485,000	\$	489,357	\$	4,357
Personnel services		169,180		169,180		162,545		(6,635)
Supplies and materials		28,000		28,000		28,000		-
Professional services		20,000		20,000		35,275		15,275
Repairs and maintenance		22,000		22,000		20,055		(1,945)
Other		33,000		33,000		31,599		(1,401)
Capital outlay		37,000		37,000		35,894		(1,106)
Service center:								
Personnel services		94,255		94,255		94,321		66
Supplies and materials		17,850		17,850		19,662		1,812
Professional services		7,000		7,000		3,522		(3,478)
Repairs and maintenance		79,000		79,000		103,549		24,549
Other costs		68,150		68,150		65,460		(2,690)
Engineering services:								
Personnel services		482,315		482,315		479,619		(2,696)
Supplies and materials		11,500		11,500		8,642		(2,858)
Professional services		10,000		10,000		1,626		(8,374)
Repairs and maintenance		3,000		3,000		5,614		2,614
Other costs		30,000		30,000		21,908		(8,092)
Total roads and streets		4,533,900		4,533,900		4,454,132		(79,768)
Public health:								
Co. Health Dept. Contract		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Co. Animal Control Contract	-	70,000		70,000		73,524		3,524
Total public health		85,000		85,000		88,524		3,524
Parks and recreation:								
Personnel services		1,140,845		1,140,845		1,059,788		(81,057)
Supplies and materials		129,000		129,000		135,641		6,641
Professional services		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Repairs and maintenance		472,500		472,500		427,364		(45,136)
Other costs		338,150		338,150		305,630		(32,520)
Capital outlay		76,500		76,500		76,420		(80)
Total parks and recreation		2,157,995		2,157,995		2,004,843		(153,152)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Public library: Personnel services \$1,276,060 \$1,276,060 \$1,236,648 \$(39,412) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(33,50) \$(33,57) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(33,50) \$(33,27) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(39,280) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(39,280) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(33,27) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28) \$(33,28)		 BUDGETED ORIGINAL	AN	MOUNTS FINAL		ACTUAL		NAL O	ICE WITH BUDGET VER DER)
Supplies and materials 471,500 471,500 432,220 (39,280) Professional services 54,000 54,000 77,564 23,564 Repairs and maintenance 246,500 246,500 313,753 67,253 Other costs 249,000 249,000 220,991 (28,009) Capital outlay - - 9,925 9,925 Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) </th <th>Public library:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Public library:								
Professional services 54,000 54,000 77,564 23,564 Repairs and maintenance 246,500 246,500 313,753 67,253 Other costs 249,000 249,000 220,991 (28,009) Capital outlay - - 9,925 9,925 Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (41		\$	\$		\$			\$	
Repairs and maintenance 246,500 246,500 313,753 67,253 Other costs 249,000 249,000 220,991 (28,009) Capital outlay - - 9,925 9,925 Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700)<									
Other costs 249,000 249,000 220,991 (28,009) Capital outlay - - 9,925 9,925 Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) (418,700) -									
Capital outlay - - 9,925 9,925 Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) (418,700) -	*								
Total public library 2,297,060 2,297,060 2,291,101 (5,959) Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) (418,700) -		249,000		249,000					
Community support: Education 216,600 216,600 216,600 - Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Historic Sites 192,965 192,965 130,523 (62,442) Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) -	Capital outlay	 	_			9,923			9,923
Education 216,600 216,600 216,600	Total public library	 2,297,060		2,297,060		2,291,101			(5,959)
Education 216,600 216,600 216,600	Community support:								
Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000		216,600		216.600		216,600			_
Total community support 419,565 419,565 357,123 (62,442) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund Transfers to Emergency Communication District (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) - -				,					-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,518,845 29,704,295 28,836,165 (868,130) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) -	Historic Sites	 192,965		192,965		130,523			(62,442)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700)	Total community support	 419,565		419,565		357,123			(62,442)
EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) -	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 29,518,845		29,704,295		28,836,165			(868,130)
EXPENDITURES 4,280,505 6,080,055 11,325,141 5,245,086 OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) -	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) (418,700) -		 4,280,505		6,080,055		11,325,141			5,245,086
Transfers to Debt Service Fund (3,350,000) (3,350,000) (3,350,000) - Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) (418,700) -	OTHER CINANCING LIGES								
Transfers to Emergency Communication District (418,700) (418,700) -		(2 250 000)		(2 250 000)		(2.250.000)			
									-
- Transfers to Cabilla Projects Plino (3.00.000) (3.145.000) (3.145.000) -	Transfers to Capital Projects Fund	(300,000)		(5,145,000)		(5,145,000)			_
Transfers to Committed - Facilities Maintenenance (200,000) (200,000) (200,000) -		 							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES (4,268,700) (9,113,700) -	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	 (4,268,700)		(9,113,700)	_	(9,113,700))		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL	CHANGE IN ELIND BALANCE GENERAL								
FUND - AS BUDGETED 11,805 (3,033,645) 2,211,441 5,245,086		11,805		(3,033,645)		2,211,441		4	5,245,086

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUDGETED A	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
	URIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNDER)
COMMITTED ACTIVITY BUDGETED SEPARATELY Equipment replacement:				
Transfers from other departments Interest income Other income	\$ 1,263,000 \$ 5,000 7,500	5,000 5,000 7,500	\$ 1,403,000 7,360 87,632	\$ - 2,360 80,132
Equipment expenditures	(1,505,000)	(1,505,000)	(1,226,930)	278,070
Net change - equipment replacement	(229,500)	(89,500)	271,062	360,562
Facilities maintenance: Committed transfer from General Fund Interest income Maintenance expenditures	200,000 3,000 (510,000)	200,000 3,000 (510,000)	200,000 3,915 (370,167)	915 139,833
Net change - facilities maintenance	(307,000)	(307,000)	(166,252)	140,748
Post employment benefits: Transfers from other departments Interest income	142,055 1,000	142,055 1,000	142,055 2,403	1,403
Net change - post employment benefits	143,055	143,055	144,458	1,403
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (381,640) \$	3 (3,287,090)	2,460,709	\$ 5,747,799
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			35,398,613	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 37,859,322	

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		RUSINESS	LTV	PF ACTIVIT	IES - E	NTERPRISE FU	NDS	COM	EDNIMENITAL
		DUSINESS		IUNICIPAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES -				
	WATER AND SEWER					IERGENCY IUNICATIONS			NAL SERVICE
		FUND		FUND	I	DISTRICT	TOTAL		FUNDS
ASSETS	-								
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,523,894	\$	1,943,690	\$	1,955,569	\$ 29,423,153	\$	2,563,835
Receivables:		1 225 1 15					1 225 1 15		20.550
Accounts Due from other funds:		1,237,147		-		-	1,237,147		39,578
General Fund		7,000					7,000		44,084
Water and Sewer		7,000		-		-	7,000		7,093
Emergency Communications District		_		2,650		_	2,650		-
Unbilled utility revenue		1,140,799		-,		_	1,140,799		-
Inventories of supplies		178,617		-		-	178,617		31,373
Prepaid expenses		385		172		-	557		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,507,257		-		-	2,507,257		-
Total Current Assets		30,595,099		1,946,512		1,955,569	34,497,180		2,685,963
Noncurrent Assets:									
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		69,958,646		2,919,031		817,554	73,695,231		_
Other post employment benefits asset		120,000		_,,,,,,,,		-	120,000		_
Net pension asset		138,426		_		59,500	197,926		_
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	70,217,072	_	2,919,031		877,054	74,013,157	_	
Total Assets	_	100,812,171	_	4,865,543		2,832,623	108,510,337		2,685,963
Total Assets	_	100,812,171	_	4,005,545		2,632,023	100,510,557		2,083,903
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									-
Advance refundings of debt		21,355		-			21,355		-
Pensions		190,048	_	-		80,171	270,219		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		211,403	_	-		80,171	291,574		
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets):									
Current maturities of long-term debt		1,670,000		-		-	1,670,000		_
Accounts payable		2,010,552		42,051		9,122	2,061,725		26,919
Claims payable		-		-		-	-		80,553
Accrued salaries		702		-		23,711	24,413		-
Accrued interest		275,310		-		-	275,310		-
Due to other funds:									
Due to Capital Projects Fund		77,769		-		-	77,769		-
Due to Fuel Fund		7,093		-		-	7,093		-
Due to Municipal Center				-		2,650	2,650		-
Other payables		152,596		-		7,055	159,651		-
Compensated absences payable		225,154		-		91,190	316,344		-
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):									
Retainage payable		165,016	_		-		165,016		
Total Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)		4,584,192	_	42,051		133,728	4,759,971		107,472
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		25,505,100		-		-	25,505,100		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	· · · · · ·	25,505,100		-		-	25,505,100		-
Total Liabilities		30,089,292		42,051		133,728	30,265,071		107,472
DEFENDED WITH ONLY OF DESCRIPTION									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		333,337		_		143,279	476,616		_
Pensions	_	333,331	_			143,277	470,010		
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		45,147,142		2,919,031		817,554	48,883,727		_
Unrestricted		25,453,803		1,904,461		1,818,233	29,176,497		2,578,491
	¢		¢.		¢			¢	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	70,600,945	\$	4,823,492	\$	2,635,787	\$ 78,060,224	\$	2,578,491
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities	related to	enterprise funds					324,715		
Net position of business-type activities							\$ 78,384,939		
yr-							, ,		

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BUSINE	SS-TYPE ACTIV	ITIES - ENTERPRISE FU	JNDS	GOVERNMENTAL
-	WATER	MUNICIPAL	EMERGENCY		ACTIVITIES -
	AND SEWER	CENTER	COMMUNICATIONS		INTERNAL SERVICE
_	FUND	FUND	DISTRICT	TOTAL	FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES					
Water sales, pledged as security on revenue bonds	\$ 7,826,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,826,920	\$ -
Sewer service charges, pledged as security on revenue bonds	6,606,267	-	-	6,606,267	-
Rental income	-	723,714	_	723,714	_
911 Fees	_	-	269,612	269,612	_
Internal charges	-	-	-	-	3,596,095
Other	611,638		562,808	1,174,446	287,778
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	15,044,825	723,714	832,420	16,600,959	3,883,873
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water purchased	5,435,298	_		5,435,298	
Depreciation and amortization	2,790,610	288,400	168,489	3,247,499	
Materials and supplies	415,537	200,400	49,070	464,607	398,287
Sewerage treatment charges	2,716,187	-	49,070	2,716,187	390,201
Salaries and benefits		-	741 700		2.062.652
	1,750,239	-	741,789	2,492,028	3,062,652
Maintenance	1,071,099	202,074	79,518	1,352,691	-
Utilities	298,027	159,332	-	457,359	-
Professional services	126,237	26,676	19,844	172,757	-
Communications	3,217	8,316	71,280	82,813	-
Other	162,020	14,614	10,789	187,423	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	14,768,471	699,412	1,140,779	16,608,662	3,460,939
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	276,354	24,302	(308,359)	(7,703)	422,934
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	72,725	5,414	4,849	82,988	5,870
Sale of equipment	3,330	-	-	3,330	-
Interest expense	(850,729)			(850,729)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(774,674)	5,414	4,849	(764,411)	5,870
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	(498,320)	29,716	(303,510)	(772,114)	428,804
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS - TAP FEES	2,192,730	-	-	2,192,730	-
TRANSFERS IN	-	-	418,700	418,700	-
TRANSFERS OUT					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,694,410	29,716	115,190	1,839,316	428,804
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	68,906,535	4,793,776	2,520,597		2,149,687
TOTAL NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 70,600,945	\$ 4,823,492	\$ 2,635,787		\$ 2,578,491
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fun	ds related to ente	rprise funds		60,497	
Change in net position of business-type activities				\$ 1,899,813	

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		BUSINES	S-TY	PE ACTIVITI	IES - EI	NTERPRISE FU	NDS	GOVE	RNMENTAL
	A	WATER ND SEWER FUND		MUNICIPAL CENTER FUND	EM COMM	MERGENCY MUNICATIONS DISTRICT	TOTAL	ACT INTERN	TIVITIES - NAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	15 000 710	¢.	722 714	•	010 672	¢ 16 722 105	¢	
Receipts from customers	\$	15,089,718	\$	723,714	\$	919,673	\$ 16,733,105	\$	3,878,924
Receipts from internal services provided Payments to suppliers		(10,198,059)		(404,819)		(215,051)	(10,817,929)		(3,521,317)
Payments to employees		(1,958,492)		(404,819)		(825,583)	(2,784,075)		(3,321,317)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,933,167	_	318,895	-	(120,961)	3,131,101	-	357,607
rot cash provided by (ased in) operating activities		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_		-			-	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Contribution/transfer from general fund	_	-		-		418,700	418,700		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-	_	-		418,700	418,700		-
CACH ELONG EDOM CADITAL AND DELATED ENIANGING ACTIVITIE	70								
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE Acquisition and construction of capital assets	ES	(5,406,905)		(82,563)		(985)	(5,490,453)		
Proceeds from water and sewer tap fees		2,192,730		(82,303)	'	(983)	2,192,730		-
Restricted cash used to fund capital asset additions		5,439,743		_		_	5,439,743		_
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,640,000)		_		_	(1,640,000)		_
Interest paid on long-term debt		(853,707)		-		-	(853,707)		-
								-	
Net cash used in capital and related									
financing activities		(268,139)	_	(82,563)		(985)	(351,687)		-
G L GY TE ON G TO ON A NATIONAL G L GOTT METERS									
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2 220					2 220		
Proceeds from sale of equipment		3,330		- 5 41 4		- 4.040	3,330		- 5 070
Interest received		72,725	_	5,414		4,849	82,988	-	5,870
Net cash provided by investing activities		76,055		5,414		4,849	86,318		5,870
rect cash provided by investing activities		70,033	-	3,414		4,042	00,510	-	3,670
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,741,083		241,746		301,603	3,284,432		363,477
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		22,782,811	_	1,701,944		1,653,966	26,138,721		2,200,358
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	25,523,894	\$	1,943,690	\$	1,955,569	\$ 29,423,153	\$	2,563,835
Paganailiation of apprenting income (loss) to									
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	276,354	\$	24,302	\$	(308,359)	\$ (7,703)	\$	422,934
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	Ψ	270,334	Ψ	24,302	Ψ	(300,337)	ψ (1,103)	Ψ	722,737
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization		2,790,610		288,400		168,489	3,247,499		_
Pension expense (income)		(159,324)		-		(66,964)	(226,288)		-
(Increase) decrease in:									
Accounts receivable		8,428				87,253	95,681		(3,416)
Due from general fund		(7,000)		-		-	(7,000)		(607)
Unbilled utility revenue		36,465		-		-	36,465		-
Inventories of supplies		70,653		-		-	70,653		33,670
Prepaid expenses		(385)		(172)		9,050	8,493		-
Increase (decrease) in:		(176.240)				(1.400)	(171 201)		(0.012)
Accounts payable		(176,348)		6,365		(1,408)	(171,391)		(9,812)
Due to (from) other funds		78,695 15,019		-		(519) (8,503)	78,176 6,516		(926)
Accrued expenses	-	13,019	-			(0,303)	0,510		(84,236)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	_	2,656,813	_	294,593		187,398	3,138,804		(65,327)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,933,167	\$	318,895	\$	(120,961)	\$ 3,131,101	\$	357,607
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Constalined interest	\$	5 500	e		¢		¢ 5522	•	
Capitalized interest	φ	5,522	Ф		Ф		\$ 5,522	φ	

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY AND PLAN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	POST	
	EMPLOYMENT	DONATIONS
	BENEFITS	HELD IN
	TRUST	TRUST
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 335,628
Investments held in trust, at fair value:		
Mutual funds - balanced funds	7,437,928	-
Prepaid expenses	<u>-</u> _	12,500
TOTAL ASSETS	7,437,928	348,128
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	17,648	4,235
Due to other funds	10	10,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,658	14,235
NET POSITION		
II.11 in the set Compatible of the set of th	7 420 270	
Held in trust for other post employment benefits Held in trust for donations	7,420,270	333,893
ricia in trust for aonations		333,693
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,420,270	\$ 333,893
	φ 7,120,270	¢ 555,075

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY AND PLAN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		POST		
	EMP	LOYMENT	DO	NATIONS
	В	ENEFITS	H	IELD IN
		TRUST		TRUST
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Other post employment benefits	\$	599,580	\$	-
Outside sources		-		143,699
Investment earnings:				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments		93,380		
Total Additions		692,960		143,699
DEDITOTIONS				
DEDUCTIONS Benefits		234,861		
Administrative expense		11,500		-
Donations expense		11,500		124,760
Donations expense				124,700
Total Deductions		246,361		124,760
			-	
Change in Net Position		446,599		18,939
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year		6,973,671		314,954
End of year	\$	7,420,270	\$	333,893

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Entity

The City of Brentwood (the "City"), located in Williamson County, Tennessee, was incorporated May 13, 1969. The City operates under a City Manager-Commission form of government and provides the following services and facilities, as authorized by its charter: general administrative services, public safety (police and fire protection), roads and streets, parks and recreation, public library, community support, water and sewer utility services and emergency communications services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The Brentwood Emergency Communications District (the "District") was established in September 2002 and, in accordance with §24-52 of the Brentwood Municipal Code, the Board of Commissioners of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee shall act as the Board of Directors for the District and the City has operational responsibility. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Under Government Accounting Standards, the District is presented as a separate fund in the proprietary fund statements. A separately audited financial statement is prepared for the Emergency Communications District and may be obtained by contacting the Director of Finance (see page 18 for information).

As of June 30, 2015 and for the year then ended, the City had no discretely presented component units which were required to be included in these financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Statement of Net Position presents the City's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets. Debt that was issued for capital purposes is not a part of the calculation of net investment in capital assets, until the proceeds have been used to acquire capital assets.

Restricted net position result from restriction placed on net position by external sources such as creditors, grantors and contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consist of net position which do not meet the definition of the two proceeding categories.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which the City has legal title to the money. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligible requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government, at which time it is recognized as revenue.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition, design and construction of the major capital improvement projects of the City other than improvements financed by the proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the water services department, which operates and maintains a water distribution and a sewer collection system for residents and businesses on a user charge basis. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in such a manner as to show a profit or loss similar to comparable private enterprises.

The Municipal Center Fund accounts for the rental operations of the Municipal Center.

The *Brentwood Emergency Communication District* provides for operation, maintenance, funding and enhancement of the City's existing emergency communications system.

Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the health insurance and fuel costs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the balance sheet of these funds has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, with an internal due to/due from and corresponding net position allocation resulting from business-type activities.

The fiduciary fund accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under terms of a formal trust agreement. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *Post Employment Benefits Trust* was established in 2008 to accumulate and fund other post employment benefits (predominantly retiree health and life insurance) for qualified employees based on minimum age and years of service as actuarially determined. Investments in the Post Employments Benefits Fund consist of mutual funds and are valued primarily on quoted market prices (see Note 12).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The *Donations Held in Trust Fund* accumulates and maintains certain accounts funded through private donations, which include the Employee Assistance Trust, the Public Safety Employees Trust, Friends of the Library, the Historic Trust, and Concert Series.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer function, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to the customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary water and sewer and the municipal center funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. The principal operating revenues of the emergency communications district are emergency telephone service charges levied on residential and business service users. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term (original maturities of three months or less) certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in: (1) U. S. Government securities and obligations guaranteed by the U. S. Government; (2) deposit accounts at state and federal chartered banks and savings and loan associations; and (3) the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Tennessee. During the current fiscal year, the City invested funds that were not immediately needed in savings accounts and short-term certificates of deposit. Deposits in financial institutions are required by State statute to be secured and collateralized by the institutions. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a total minimum market value of 105% of the value of the deposits placed in the institutions less the amount protected by federal depository insurance. Collateral requirements are not applicable for financial institutions that participate in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool.

Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the year, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables, if any, are classified as "due to/from other funds." Other activities between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

<u>Inventories of Supplies and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventories of supplies are valued at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the general fund, the drug special revenue fund and the capital projects fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable debt or other agreements. Additionally unspent bond proceeds are included in this classification.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the year, \$5,522 of capitalized interest was recorded.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 20 years
Utility plant in service	33 - 50 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	5 - 20 years
Computer equipment and software	3 - 5 years
Road system infrastructure	10 - 45 years
Sidewalks	30 years
Bridges	60 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Compensated Absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused annual (vacation) leave and sick days. Annual leave days may accumulate to a maximum of 30 days for employees with up to 5 years of service, 45 days for employees with up to 20 years of service, and 60 days for employees with 20 or more years of service. There is no maximum number of sick days which may be accumulated. Upon termination, employees receive payment for accumulated annual leave days. Employees who leave employment with at least 20 years of service and are at least age 55 are paid for a portion of their accumulated sick days depending on their date of hire. In addition, the City Manager has the authority to pay employees who resign from employment of the City up to 50% of the accrued sick days up to a maximum payment of 30 days.

All annual leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee terminations or retirements. The liability will be liquidated from the general fund, the water and sewer fund and the emergency communications district.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straightline method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Governmental Fund Equity Classification

In the governmental fund financial statements, the City has established and will maintain reservations of fund balance, as defined herein, in accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB-54). The main objectives of this standard are to improve, including the understandability, the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clear fund balance classifications, and clarify the definition of existing governmental fund types.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

This policy shall only apply to the City's governmental funds. Fund balance shall be composed of the following fund types:

- Non-spendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either in a (a) non-spendable form, including items not expected to be converted to cash (i.e. inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans and notes receivable and property acquired for resale), or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e. the principal of a permanent fund).
- Restricted Amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose as per external parties, constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts constrained to be used for a specific purpose as per formal action by the Board of Commissioners, through ordinance. Amounts classified as committed are not subject to legal enforceability like restricted resources; however, they cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners remove or change the commitment by taking the same action it employed to impose the commitment.
- Assigned Amounts intended to be used by the City for a specific purpose, but are neither
 restricted nor committed. The intent shall be expressed by the Board of Commissioners or a
 designee authorized by the Board of Commissioners, such as the City Manager or Finance
 Director, for a specific purpose in accordance with the fund balance policy established by
 the Board of Commissioners. The nature of the actions necessary to remove or modify an
 assignment is not as rigid as required under a committed fund balance classification.
- *Unassigned* Amounts available for any purpose (amounts that are not non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned) in the General Fund.

The restricted fund balances consist of the following:

- State Street Aid Fund This fund is restricted by State law for use in construction and maintenance of city streets and certain related street expenditures. Streets are defined as streets, highways, avenues, boulevards, public owned right-of-ways, bridges, tunnels, public parking areas, and other public ways dedicated to public use.
- Drug Fund This fund is restricted under State law for the enforcement of the drug laws, drug education programs, drug treatment and non-recurring general law enforcement expenditures.
- Public Works Fund This fund was established by the Tennessee General Assembly in 1987
 by a Private Act and is restricted for use in construction of transportation infrastructure associated with the demands from new development.
- Adequate School Facilities This fund was established by the Tennessee General Assembly in 1987 by a Private Act and is restricted for the purpose of providing public facilities and related capital improvements associated with new residential development. The tax is collected by Williamson County and distributed to the cities in the county on a per capita basis.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Restricted fund balances may also result from unspent bond proceeds.

Fund balances classified as committed are as follows:

- Debt Service Fund This fund is committed by the Board of Commissioners as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto) for the payment of the general obligation debt service of the City other than Water and Sewer debt. The City also strives to maintain a fund balance in the Debt Service Fund equal to one year's general obligation debt service requirement.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund is committed by the Board of Commissioners as set forth
 in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto) for expenditures associated with the
 acquisition, design, and construction of the major capital improvements and other long
 range projects other than improvements financed by the proprietary funds such as the Water
 and Sewer Fund.

The City does not report or anticipate reporting an assigned fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the City to use the restricted amounts first as permitted under the law. When the expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the City to use the committed amounts first, followed by the assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The City will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund in excess of forty percent (40%) of annual operating expenses for this fund. Such fund balance shall serve cash flow needs, protect against unforeseen emergencies and enhance the credit worthiness of the City.

Compliance with the provisions of this policy shall be reviewed as part of the closing of the financial records at year-end (June 30) and the amounts of restricted, committed, assigned, and non-spendable fund balance will be determined. Any residual general fund balance amounts will be classified as unassigned.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category: (1) deferred charge on bond refundings resulting from the difference in the carrying amount of refunded debt and its requisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt; (2) deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions may result from differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, certain changes in actuarial assumptions, and amounts of employer contributions to the pension plan made subsequent to the measurement date.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has the following types of deferred inflows of resources: the unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds balance sheet, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, represents amounts that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the periods that the amounts become available. These amounts relate primarily to unavailable property taxes and other receivables not within the collection period. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the statement of net position, arises from imposed nonexchange revenues (property taxes) which are assessed prior to the end of the fiscal year, but levied in the subsequent year. Pension related deferred outflows of resources may result from actuarial gains related to the difference between expected and actual experience for the plan's adopted economic and demographic assumptions and differences between expected and actual earnings on plan investments.

Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied for the current fiscal year each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City's legal boundaries. Property taxes are secured by a statutory lien effective as of the original assessment date of January 1 and as such an enforceable legal claim to the subsequent fiscal year levy exists at year end.

Assessed values are established by the State of Tennessee at the following rates of appraised market value:

Public utility property	55%
Industrial and commercial property:	
Real	40%
Personal	30%
Residential, agricultural, home belt, forest and farm property	25%

Taxes were levied at the rate of \$.44 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Payments may be made during the period from October 1 through February 28 and are delinquent on March 1. Current tax collections of \$10,945,964 were reported as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2015, and were approximately 98.6% of the tax levy.

Of the \$11,627,381 property taxes receivable, \$11,426,757 represents the estimated 2015 property taxes to be billed October 2015. This receivable is reported in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds with offsetting deferred inflow of resources for the amounts not available at June 30, 2015. Amounts available at June 30, 2015 have been recorded as revenue in the governmental fund statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the City's Consolidated Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements and Related Restatement of Net Position

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which is intended to improve the usefulness of information in employer and governmental nonemployer contributing entity financial reports and enhance value for assessing accountability by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and more comprehensive measure of pension expense. The new standard intends to improve the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions and by providing more transparency about the pension plan through new note disclosures and supplementary information. It will result in the City recognizing the net pension liability on the statement of net position for its pension plan. The net pension liability is the discounted liability determined based on the expected benefit payments for past periods of service (i.e., the Total Pension Liability) less the net position of the plan based on the fair value of assets at the measurement date (i.e., the Fiduciary Net Position). The Statement requires retroactive application through restatement of beginning net position. Other measurement changes include recognizing annual pension expenses in-lieu of pension cost.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. This Statement amends GASB No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The City adopted GASB Nos. 68 and 71 during fiscal year 2015 and the provisions of the Statements are included in this report. The following table summarizes the impact of the implementation of the Statements:

			Statement of Revand Change	venues, Expenses
	Statement of	Activities	_	copriety Funds
			Waste and	Emergency
	Governmental	Business-Type	and Sewer	Communication
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>District</u>
Net position, beginning of y	ear,			
as previously reported	\$ 245,876,516	\$ 76,719,885	\$ 69,070,721	\$ 2,591,170
Adjustment to record net pension liability and related deferred outflows				
of resources	(1,770,973)	(234,759)	(164,186)	(70,573)
Net position, beginning of				
year, as restated	<u>\$ 244,105,543</u>	<u>\$ 76,485,126</u>	<u>\$68,906,535</u>	<u>\$ 2,520,597</u>

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Prior to May 15 of each year, the City Manager formally submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. Public hearings are conducted by the Board of Commissioners to obtain citizen comments on the budget. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. Annual appropriated budgets for the general fund, special revenue, non-major capital projects funds from restricted resources and debt service funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgeted amounts shown are those originally adopted, as well as the final budgets which reflect amendments by the Board of Commissioners.

Total expenditures for each of these funds may not exceed the total amount appropriated in the budget ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within an individual fund; any revisions that alter the total appropriations for any fund must be approved through the passage of an ordinance by the Board of Commissioners. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

Excess Expenditures

For the year ended June 30, 2015, expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS

The City's cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2015 were held by financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the Treasurer of the State of Tennessee. Participating banks determine the aggregate balance of their public fund accounts for the City. The amount of collateral required to secure these public deposits must be equal to 105% of the average daily balance of public deposits held. Collateral securities required to be pledged by the participating banks to protect their public fund accounts are pledged to the State Treasurer on behalf of the bank collateral pool. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failing, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City minimizes this risk by requiring full collateralization on all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, except when the institution issuing the certificate of deposit belongs to the State of Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool. As of June 30, 2015, the City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized.

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the statement of net position follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Cash on hand	\$94,328,601 1,204
Total	<u>\$94,329,805</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$90,559,654 <u>3,770,151</u>
Total	\$94,329,805

A summary of the City's policies for interest rate risk and credit risk are as follows:

Credit Risk - The City will minimize credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the investment issuer or backer, by:

- Limiting the portfolio to the types of investments pursuant to TCA 6-56-106.
- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions with which the City will do business.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized.

NOTE 3 - <u>DEPOSITS</u> - Continued

Interest Rate Risk - The City will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of investments in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by:

- Structuring the portfolio to meet the cash requirements of ongoing operations, thereby mitigating the need to liquidate investments at a loss prior to maturity;
- Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term investments, money market mutual funds, CDs or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio in accordance with this policy.

NOTE 4 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	106,813,683	\$	7,540,348	\$	_	\$	114,354,031
Construction in progress	Ψ	6,969,262	Ψ	1,580,215	Ψ	(8,224,886)	Ψ	324,591
Construction in progress		0,909,202	-	1,360,213		(0,224,000)	_	324,391
Total capital assets not being depreciated		113,782,945		9,120,563		(8,224,886)		114,678,622
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		22,383,331		149,707		-		22,533,038
Improvements other than buildings		11,669,239		2,449,522		-		14,118,761
Machinery and equipment		19,483,588		1,603,605		(531,022)		20,556,171
Infrastructure		197,697,320	_	16,944,895		<u>-</u>	_	214,642,215
Total capital assets being depreciated:		251,233,478		21,147,729		(531,022)		271,850,185
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(6,168,488)		(509,014)		-		(6,677,502)
Improvements other than buildings		(8,964,012)		(489,833)		-		(9,453,845)
Machinery and equipment		(12,772,823)		(1,337,557)		531,022		(13,579,358)
Infrastructure	_	(117,336,468)	_	(6,713,980)		<u>-</u>	_	(124,050,448)
Total accumulated depreciation		(145,241,791)	_	(9,050,384)		531,022		(153,761,153)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	219,774,632	\$	21,217,908	\$	(8,224,886)	\$	232,767,654

NOTE 4 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - Continued

	Beginning Balance			Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,124,830	\$	52,500	\$ -	\$ 1,177,330
Construction in progress		82,273	_	415,290	 (215,484)	 282,079
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,207,103		467,790	(215,484)	1,459,409
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Utility plant in service		103,866,472		5,086,460	-	108,952,932
Buildings, structures and improvements		4,309,312		-	-	4,309,312
Improvements other than buildings		2,425,726		52,762	-	2,478,488
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		4,641,879	_	98,924	 (5,563)	 4,735,240
Total capital assets being depreciated:		115,243,389		5,238,146	(5,563)	120,475,972
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Utility plant in service		(38,344,907)		(2,646,912)	-	(40,991,819)
Buildings, structures and improvements		(2,558,124)		(126,854)	-	(2,684,978)
Improvements other than buildings		(990,959)		(141,756)	-	(1,132,715)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	_	(3,098,182)	_	(338,019)	 5,563	 (3,430,638)
Total accumulated depreciation		(44,992,172)	_	(3,253,541)	 5,563	 (48,240,150)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	71,458,320	\$	2,452,395	\$ (215,484)	\$ 73,695,231

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs for the year ended June 30, 2015, as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 382,534
Public safety	696,485
Roads and streets	6,585,961
Parks and recreation	948,965
Public library	415,965
Drug education	20,474
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 9,050,384
Business-type Activities:	
Municipal center	288,400
Water and sewer	2,796,652
Emergency Communications District	168,489
	 _
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 3,253,541
	 <u> </u>

NOTE 5 - <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS</u>

Interfund receivables and payables are attributable to charges between funds that are outstanding as of June 30, 2015, and are as follows:

Fund	<u> </u>	Interfund Receivable			Interfund Payable	
Governmental activities:						
General fund		\$	-	\$	104,372	
Capital projects fund			131,057		-	
Internal service funds			51,177		-	
Internal payable created by internal						
service fund consolidation	_				324,715	
	_		182,234		429,087	
Net governmental activities payable				\$	246,853	
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer fund	9	\$	7,000	\$	84,862	
Municipal center fund			2,650		-	
Emergency Communications District			-		2,650	
Internal receivable created by internal						
service fund consolidation	_		324,715			
	_		334,365		87,512	
Net business-type activities receivable	=	\$	246,853			

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 are attributable to the budgeted allocation of resources from one fund to another, and consist of the following:

	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Emergency mmunications			
Transfer Out:	 Fund	 Fund	 District	Totals		
General Fund	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 5,145,000	\$ 418,700	\$	8,913,700	
Total Transfers	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 5,145,000	\$ 418,700	\$	8,913,700	

Interfund revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2015, included the following.

Payment of rental fees for fire hydrant usage totaling \$100,000 by the general fund to the
water and sewer enterprise fund. Such amount is included in public safety expenditures
reported by the general fund and other operating revenues reported by the water and sewer
enterprise fund for the year.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - Continued

- The general fund and Emergency Communications District also paid the municipal center enterprise fund rents totaling \$610,000 and \$31,800, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2015 for its use of the Municipal Center Building. Such amounts are included in the general government expenditures reported by the general fund and operating revenues reported by the municipal center enterprise fund for the year.
- The water and sewer enterprise fund paid the general fund \$125,000 and \$138,000 for its space at the City's Service Center and GIS Mapping Fee, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2015. Such amount is included in uses of money and property reported by the general fund and in operating expenses reported by the water and sewer enterprise fund for the year.
- The water and sewer fund and Emergency Communications District contributed a total of \$75,924 (\$56,064 and \$19,860, respectively) to the Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund for retiree benefits for the year ended June 30, 2015. These amounts are included in expenditures for the respective funds. The general fund transferred \$523,656 from the current year contributions to the Post Employment Benefits Trust for the year ended June 30, 2015 (see Note 12).

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the changes in long-term liabilities were as follows:

Government Activities:	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2015		Due within one year	
Government Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	29,700,000	\$	-	\$	2,555,000	\$	27,145,000	\$	2,615,000
Unamortized (discount) premium		706,988				61,908		645,080		
Total bonds		30,406,988		-		2,616,908		27,790,080		2,615,000
Compensated absences		2,985,556	_	1,256,669		1,327,858		2,914,367		1,000,000
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	33,392,544	\$	1,256,669	\$	3,944,766	\$	30,704,447	\$	3,615,000
Business-type Activities:										
Revenue and tax bonds	\$	9,785,000	\$	_	\$	790,000	\$	8,995,000	\$	640,000
General obligation bonds		18,890,000				850,000		18,040,000	_	1,030,000
Total bonds		28,675,000		-		1,640,000		27,035,000		1,670,000
Unamortized (discount) premium		146,143				6,043		140,100		
Total Business-type Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	28,821,143	\$		\$	1,646,043	\$	27,175,100	\$	1,670,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Description of Long-Term Liabilities

Amounts payable at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

\$4,800,000 2006 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2015, at varying rates of interest from 3.75% to 3.90%	\$ 240,000
\$2,430,000 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2021, at varying rates of interest from 3.75% to 3.90%	2,130,000
\$4,935,000 2007 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through March 1, 2028, at a fixed rate of interest of 3.83%	3,625,000
\$4,760,000 2009 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through March 1, 2030, at varying rates of interest from 2.50% to 4.50%	3,855,000
\$7,385,000 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2024, at varying rates of interest from 2.00% to 3.00%	4,175,000
\$4,845,000 2011 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2031, at varying rates of interest from 3.00% to 3.625%	4,275,000
\$3,250,000 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2025, at a fixed rate of interest of 2.00%	3,135,000
\$4,895,000 2013 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2033, at varying rates of interest from 2.00% to 3.75%	4,705,000
	, ,

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Continued:

\$1,005,000 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2017, at varying rates of interest from	
2.00% to 3.00%	\$ 1,005,000
Total General Obligation Debt	27,145,000
Unamortized premium (discount)	645,080
Total General Obligation Bonds, net of unamortized change	<u>\$27,790,080</u>
Business-type Activities Debt:	
\$3,620,000 2003 Sewer Revenue and Tax Refunding Bonds (portion not refunded) due in annual installments through September 1, 2015, at 3.90% interest	\$ 30,000
\$1,775,000 2006 Water Revenue and Tax Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2020, at varying rates of interest from 3.75% to 3.85%	1,245,000
\$10,000,000 2008 Water and Sewer Revenue and Tax Bonds due in increasing annual installments through March 1, 2029, at varying rates of interest from 3.00% to 4.125%	7,720,000
\$10,000,000 2010 General Obligation Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through March 1, 2031, at varying rates of interest from 2.00% to 4.00%	8,295,000
\$6,560,000 2012 General Obligation Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2031, at varying rates of interest from 2.00% to 2.63%	5,985,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Business-type Activities Debt - Continued

\$3,300,000 2013 General Obligation Improvement Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1, 2033, at varying rates of interest from	
2.00% to 3.75%	\$ 3,170,000
\$590,000 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in increasing annual installments through September 1,	
2017, at varying rates of interest from 2.00% to 3.00%	590,000
Total business-type activities debt	27,035,000
Unamortized premium (discount)	140,100
Total Business-type Activities Debt, net of amortized charge	<u>\$27,175,100</u>

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds and notes payable are direct obligations of the City for which the full faith and credit are pledged. These obligations are payable from the assessment of ad valorem taxes.

The Water and Sewer department issues revenue and tax bonds, which are collateralized by the revenues of the department. The department has also issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water and sewer related capital projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City; however water and sewer revenues have been pledged as payment on the obligation.

Bond Refundings

In prior years, the City has refunded various bonds in order to take advantage of more favorable interest rates. The difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position and is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. There was no bond refunding in fiscal year 2015.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

		Governmenta	al A	ctivities		Business-typ	e A	ctivities						
		Bone		Bonds		Bonds		Bonds				To	otal	
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		
2016	\$	2,615,000	\$	816,937	\$	1,670,000	\$	815,926	\$	4,285,000	\$	1,632,863		
2017		2,260,000		750,374		1,720,000		773,304		3,980,000		1,523,678		
2018		2,330,000		685,858		1,770,000		722,404		4,100,000		1,408,262		
2019		2,070,000		618,857		1,595,000		674,960		3,665,000		1,293,817		
2020		2,125,000		551,746		1,640,000		628,818		3,765,000		1,180,564		
2021-2025		8,300,000		1,951,150		8,005,000		2,446,287		16,305,000		4,397,437		
2026-2030		5,590,000		836,649		8,345,000		1,160,219		13,935,000		1,996,868		
2031-2034	_	1,855,000		116,495		2,290,000		110,545		4,145,000		227,040		
Totals	\$	27,145,000	\$	6,328,066	\$	27,035,000	\$	7,332,463	\$	54,180,000	\$	13,660,529		

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS (INFLOWS) OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources consist of the following at June 30, 2015:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Advance refundings of debt	\$	690,742	\$	21,355
Pensions		2,057,236		270,219
	\$	2,747,978	\$	291,574
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes:				
Delinquent taxes	\$	147,585	\$	-
2015 estimated levy		11,426,757		-
Estimated 2015 Hall Income tax		900,000		-
Pensions		3,595,489		476,616
Other		40,670		
	\$	16,110,501	\$	476,616

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains insurance coverage through the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Management Pool, covering each of those risks of loss. The TML Pool is a cooperative risk sharing arrangement between local government agencies that works in many ways like a traditional insurer. The City pays a premium, receives coverage, and can make claims against that coverage. The City meets the TML Pool's guidelines and complies with its rules and regulations, including loss control requirements as well as its underwriting standards. Rates of the TML Pool are actuarially projected to provide adequate funding to cover loss reserves and expenses, as well as building contingency reserves. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Beginning with calendar year 2010, the City modified its fully insured employee group health insurance plan to include a high-deductible (\$5,000) and high max out-of-pocket (\$6,500) plan coupled with a City-funded Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA). The HRA was implemented to effectively limit the employee deductible and max out-of-pocket to \$1,000 (\$2,000 for dependent coverage). The City established the Insurance Fund, which functions as an internal service fund, to account and finance its HRA claims obligations and insurance premiums related to employee health and vision insurance coverage. Effective January 1, 2011, the City terminated its fully insured employee group health insurance plan, and established a partially self-funded insurance plan coupled with a the existing city funded HRA. Under the partially self-funded insurance plan, which is administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Tennessee, the City is liable through the HRA for up to \$5,500 of the first \$6,500 of individual employee claims with the employee being liable for up to \$1,000 out of pocket. The City then assumes liability for additional individual medical claims up to \$70,000. To help mitigate losses from highdollar medical claims beyond the HRA combined City and employee liability of \$75,500 and the employee's out of pocket maximum of \$1,000 (total of \$75,500 funded amount), the City purchased catastrophic insurance coverage plans for Specific Stop Loss and Aggregate Stop Loss coverage. Specific Stop Loss coverage limits the City's potential liability for individual catastrophic claims by covering all costs for an individual member once those costs exceed \$70,000 over and above the HRA funded amount and employee out of pocket maximum. Aggregate stop loss coverage caps the City's liability for all claims in the entire plan at an agreed upon dollar amount. In calendar year 2015, the aggregate stop loss threshold is \$2.2 million.

Revenues of the fund include budgeted amounts from each City fund with personnel assigned to it, as well as employee payroll deductions from those employees who elect to cover dependents under the city's plan. Expenses of the fund include premium costs of for the City's stop-loss coverage, administrative fees charged by Blue Cross Blue Shield, HRA claims expenses, and medical claim expenses from the partially self-funded health plans and fully insured vision plans. Other expenses include the CareHere Clinic and healthcare consultant services. The HRA and partially self-funded plans are administered by Blue Cross/Blue Shield and the City is invoiced weekly for such claims. HRA liabilities also include an amount for claims that have been incurred prior to June 30, 2015, but not reported (IBNRs).

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

A change in the balances of claims liabilities during the current and prior fiscal years are as follows:

	2015	2014
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims Claim payments	\$ 164,789 2,301,382 (2,385,618)	\$ 151,388 2,270,474 (2,257,073)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 80,553	\$ 164,789

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including general liability, property and casualty, and workers' compensation. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in one lawsuit that seeks damages related to a tort claim, and is the plaintiff in an eminent domain matter in which the property owner disputes the amount offered by the City as compensation for certain property rights. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position. No other provision for any liability resulting from such litigation has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 10 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES PER GENERAL FUND TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the budget ordinance, the City budgets separately for two funds previously reported as special revenue funds, but no longer meet the definition of special revenue funds for financial reporting under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following schedule presents a summary of the differences in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual General Fund, to show how the two statements agree in total change in fund balance:

NOTE 10 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES PER GENERAL

FUND TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued

			Ge	eneral Fund		
	Gove	rnmental Funds	Bud	get to Actual		
REVENUES		(p. 23)	(p. 25 - 31)		Difference	
Charges for services	\$	355,626	\$	415,176	\$	(59,550)
Intergovernmental		9,564,652		9,396,009		168,643
Uses of money and property		481,544		380,234		101,310
Other		120,410		187,448		(67,038)
EXPENDITURES						
General government		6,384,913		6,498,113		113,200
Public safety		13,237,000		13,142,329		(94,671)
Roads and streets		4,281,152		4,454,132		172,980
Parks and recreation		2,311,010		2,004,843		(306,167)
Community support		336,562		357,123		20,561
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		8,913,700		9,113,700		200,000
COMMITTED ACTIVITY BUDGETED						
SEPARATELY						
Net change - equipment replacement		-		271,062		(271,062)
Net change - facilities maintenance		-		(166,252)		166,252
Net change - post employment benefits		-		144,458		(144,458)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	2,460,709	\$	2,460,709	\$	<u>-</u>

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City of Brentwood offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and 401(a). The plans, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permit participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The plan's investments are held in trust by ICMA Retirement Corporation and Nationwide Retirement Services.

Upon two years of full-time service, the City matches, on a dollar for dollar basis, a maximum of up to 3% of the employee's base salary into the 401(a) plan. The City's match for the year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$280,497.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description and Contributions Information

The City's post retirement benefit plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan (the "OPEB Plan"). The OPEB Plan provides medical and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Plan Description and Contributions Information

	General <u>Government</u>	Fire/Police	_Total
Active employees Retired employees	137 	112 	249
Total	<u>142</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>269</u>
Participating employers			1

Benefits Provided

Employees are fully eligible for post-retirement medical and life insurance once they reach the minimum age of 55 with 20 years of service with the City. For eligible employees hired prior to July 1, 2005 who are not eligible for health insurance coverage from or through another employer, the City pays the total cost for group health insurance coverage for the retired employee. The cost for health insurance coverage for the retired employee's eligible dependents, if any, who are themselves not yet age sixtyfive (65) is the same as the cost for dependent coverage for active employees under the City's group health insurance plan. For eligible employees hired post July 1, 2005 who are not eligible for health insurance coverage from or through another employer, the City pays a share of the cost for group health insurance coverage for the retired employee based upon years of full-time service at the time of retirement. If the retiree elects to cover their eligible dependents, the retiree will be required to pay 100% of the additional cost for this dependent coverage. The retiree medical plan is assumed to be the primary plan of benefits prior to age 65. For eligible retirees who have reached age 65, were hired prior to July 1, 2005 and retired after July 1, 2002, the City reimburses the cost of a Medicare supplement plan up to the actual cost of the supplemental policy or 40% of the established monthly COBRA rate for employee only group health insurance coverage under the lowest priced group plan for current employees, whichever amount is less.

This message is for the designated recipient only and may contain privileged, proprietary, or otherwise private information. If you have received it in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete the original. Any other use of the email by you is prohibited.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. The required contribution is based on an actuarial valuation utilizing the entry age normal method. During 2008, the City prefunded a trust account, administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation, in the amount of \$2,260,000, which included the 2008 annual required contribution of \$598,000, less amounts paid as premium benefits. For fiscal year 2015, the City's General Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and Emergency Communications District collectively contributed \$599,580 to the Trust and withdrew \$234,861 to pay benefits. The prefunding will reduce the annual required contribution in future years. All contributions were made by the employer (no contributions by active or retired employees). Employer contributions are calculated as 4.65% of covered payroll.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)

The City's annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation (asset):

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 612,438 (107,568)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	94,710
Annual OPEB cost	599,580
Contributions made	(599,580)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-
Net OPEB obligation (asset) - beginning of year	(1,749,078)
Net OPEB obligation (asset) - end of year	<u>\$(1,749,078</u>)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015, and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of			
Year Ended	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
June 30,	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation (Asset)		
2015	\$599,580	100%	\$(1,749,078)		
2014	570,067	100%	(1,749,078)		
2013	635,575	100%	(1,749,078)		

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 60.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$12,801,342, and the actuarial value of assets was \$7,675,196 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$5,126,146. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,738,804 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 40.2%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 6.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after six years. Both rates include a 3% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 was twenty-two years.

The OPEB Plan does not issue separate financial statements, and as such, all required disclosures and supplementary information are included as part of the City's annual financial report.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description

Employees of the City are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Benefits provided

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the measurement date of June 30, 2014, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	62
Inactive employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	179
Active employees	<u>239</u>
	480

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN - Continued

Contributions

Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. The City had previously adopted a noncontributory retirement plan for its employees by assuming employee contributions up to 5% of annual covered payroll. As of January 1, 2010, the City has elected to discontinue the non-contributory provision for all future hires. This will require all new hires to contribute 5% of enable compensation. Employees who were employed prior to January 1, 2010 will continue to be eligible for noncontributory provision. The City makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2015, employer contributions for the City were \$2,327,455 based on a rate of 18.85% (public safety) and 15.35% (general government) of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the City's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's actuarially determined contribution (ADC) and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97% to 3.71%

based on age, including inflation, averaging

4.25%

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Cost-of-living adjustment 2.5%

Mortality rates were based on actual experience from the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study adjusted for some of the expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3%. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
110 '	C 460/	220/
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	<u>1%</u>
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5% based on a blending of the three factors described above.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the City will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Increase	
		(Decrease)	Net Pension
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability
	<u>Liability</u>	Net Position	(Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2013			
measurement date	\$ 42,733,357	\$ 38,457,732	<u>\$4,275,625</u>
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,122,965	-	1,122,965
Interest	3,254,114	-	3,254,114
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(1,467,509)	-	(1,467,509)
Contributions-employer	-	2,269,893	(2,269,893)
Contributions-employees	-	117,752	(117,752)
Net investment income	-	6,499,814	(6,499,814)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(936,262)	(936,262)	-
Administrative expense		(11,223)	11,223
Net changes	1,973,308	7,939,974	(5,966,666)
Balance at June 30, 2014			
measurement date	<u>\$ 44,706,665</u>	<u>\$46,397,706</u>	<u>\$(1,691,041</u>)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

				Current			
1		1% Decrease (6.5%)	I 	Discount Rate 1% Increas (7.5%) (8.5%)			
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$	5,149,879	\$	(1,691,041)	\$	(7,339,154)	

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Expense (Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension expense

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$375,332.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ -	\$1,222,924
on pension plan investments	-	2,849,181
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014	2,327,455	_
June 50, 2014	<u>_2,321,+33</u>	
Total	<u>\$2,327,455</u>	<u>\$4,072,105</u>

Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the pension liability in fiscal year 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2016	\$ (956,881)
2017	(956,881)
2018	(956,881)
2019	(956,881)
2020	(244,581)
Thereafter	_

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the City did not have a payable relating to contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS

Construction commitments amounting to approximately \$5,880,000 were outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 15 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The City, through its water and sewer enterprise fund, purchases water from the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County and Harpeth Valley Utilities District. All of its sewage is treated by the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County.

NOTE 16 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following are recent accounting pronouncements which, to the extent applicable, pose consideration for the City. Management is currently in the process of determining the impact of these Statements to the City's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which is effective in fiscal year 2016 for the City. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, which is effective for fiscal year 2016 for the City—except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which is effective for fiscal year 2017. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a single framework for the presentation of information about pensions, which will enhance the comparability of pension-related information reported by employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

The GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which is effective for fiscal year 2017 for the City. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting primarily through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria. The net OPEB liability information, including ratios, will offer an up-to-date indication of the extent to which the total OPEB liability is covered by the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan.

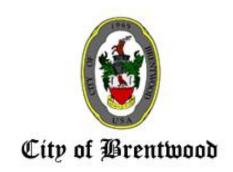
NOTE 16 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - Continued

The GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which is effective for fiscal year 2018 for the City. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

The GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, which is effective for fiscal year 2016 for the City. The requirements in this Statement improve financial reporting by (1) raising the category of GASB Implementation Guides in the GAAP hierarchy, thus providing the opportunity for broader public input on implementation guidance; (2) emphasizing the importance of analogies to authoritative literature when the accounting treatment for an event is not specified in authoritative GAAP; and (3) requiring the consideration of consistency with the GASB Concepts Statements when evaluating accounting treatments specified in nonauthoritative literature.

The GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which is effective for fiscal year 2017 for the City. This Statement improved financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information regarding tax abatements that is not currently reported consistently or comprehensively.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PENSION PLAN

(Unaudited)

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 1,122,965
Interest	3,254,114
Changes of benefit items	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,467,509)
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (936,262)
Net change in total pension liability	1,973,308
Total pension liability-beginning	 42,733,357
Total pension liability-ending (a)	\$ 44,706,665
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions-employer	\$ 2,269,893
Contributions-employee	117,752
Net investment income	6,499,814
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(936,262)
Administrative expenses	 (11,223)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,939,974
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning	 38,457,732
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$ 46,397,706
Net pension liability-ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,691,041)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.78%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 13,468,614
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.56%

This schedule is presented to illustrate information for 10 years; however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Information regarding the Plan's annual money-weighted rate of return can be obtained in the separate TCRS report at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION PLAN

(Unaudited)

	 2015	 2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,327,455	\$ 2,269,893	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determine contribution	 2,327,455	 2,269,893	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	
Covered employee payroll	13,648,854	13,468,614	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	17.05%	16.85%	

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates for 2015 were calculated based on July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Frozen initial liability Amortization method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining amortization period 3 years

Asset valuation method 10-year smoothed within a 20% corridor to

3.0% Inflation rate

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97% to 3.71% based

on age, including inflation, averaging 4.25%

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age

Pattern of retirement determined by experience study Mortality Customized table based on actual experience including

an adjustment for some anticipated improvement

Cost of living adjustments

2.50%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Unit Credit	Unfunded Aal (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
01/01/11 01/01/13	\$4,179,023 5,853,881	\$ 8,260,634 9,569,585	\$ 4,081,611 3,715,704	50.6% 61.2%	\$ 12,472,750 12,672,263	32.7% 29.2%
01/01/15	7,675,196	12,801,342	5,126,146	60.0%	12,738,804	40.2%

CHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION

Employer Contributions											
Annual											
Year Ended	F	Required	Percentage								
June 30	Co	ntribution	Contributed								
2013	\$	635,575	100.0	%							
2014		570,067	100.0								
2015		599,580	100.0								

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

<u>State Street Aid Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all revenue and expenditures from the City's share of state gasoline taxes. Tennessee state law requires these receipts be kept in a separate fund and used for the construction and maintenance of city streets and certain related street expenditures.

<u>Drug Fund</u> - This fund accounts for funds received directly from the enforcement of laws associated with illegal drug activity. Under state law, the funds are to be used only for the enforcement of the drug laws and for the drug education programs of the Police Department.

Non Major Capital Projects Funds

<u>Public Works Project Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds for road improvements needed to meet the traffic demands created by growth in population and business. The funds are disbursed as available to pay for eligible road projects in the Capital Projects Fund.

Adequate Schools Facility Fund - This fund accounts for all revenue and expenditures from the City's share of Williamson County's Adequate Schools Facilities Tax collections. The funds are to be used to provide public facilities associated with new development. Williamson County has requested that the funds provided to cities under this private act be used for public school improvements or used for City infrastructure improvements related to schools rather than for general municipal facilities.

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	 SPECIAL	REVE	NUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS					
	STATE REET AID		DRUG		BLIC WORKS PROJECT	;	DEQUATE SCHOOL ACILITIES		TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 792,394	\$	-	\$	2,152,186	\$	1,675,854	\$	4,620,434
Taxes	187,627		_		_		85,369		272,996
Miscellaneous	-		1,468		-		-		1,468
Restricted assets:			447.504						447.504
Cash and cash equivalents	 		447,524						447,524
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 980,021	\$	448,992	\$	2,152,186	\$	1,761,223	\$	5,342,422
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 202,826	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	202,826
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 202,826								202,826
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted for capital projects	-		-		2,152,186		1,761,223		3,913,409
Restricted for street repairs	777,195		-		-		-		777,195
Restricted for drug enforcement and education	 		448,992	-			-		448,992
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 777,195		448,992		2,152,186		1,761,223		5,139,596
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 980,021	\$	448,992	\$	2,152,186	\$	1,761,223	\$	5,342,422

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVE			ENUE	CAPITAL	PROJECTS		
		STATE STREET AID		DRUG	PUBLIC WORKS PROJECT	ADEQUATE SCHOOL FACILITIES	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
REVENUES	ф		ф		ф 1.054. 2 00	Ф	ф	1.054.200
Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,054,200	\$ -	\$	1,054,200
Intergovernmental: Gasoline and motor fuel tax		676,556						676,556
Three cent tax		201,601		_	_	-		201,601
Gas 1989 tax		108,621		_	_	_		108,621
Adequate schools facilities tax		-		_	-	618,838		618,838
Uses of money and property		1,790		5,554	4,092	3,510		14,946
Other				67,931				67,931
TOTAL REVENUES		988,568		73,485	1,058,292	622,348		2,742,693
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Roads and streets		593,584		-	-	-		593,584
Drug education		-		17,501	-	-		17,501
Capital outlay		-		15,355				15,355
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		593,584		32,856				626,440
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		394,984		40,629	1,058,292	622,348		2,116,253
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		394,984		40,629	1,058,292	622,348		2,116,253
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		382,211		408,363	1,093,894	1,138,875		3,023,343
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	777,195	\$	448,992	\$ 2,152,186	\$ 1,761,223	\$	5,139,596

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		STATE ST	REET AID FU	IND	DRUG FUND					
		FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	ORIGINAL	FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNT	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES										
Licenses and permits:										
Public works project fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental:	0.50.000	0.50.000		(272.444)						
Gasoline and motor fuel tax	950,000	950,000	676,556	(273,444)	-	-	-	-		
Three cent tax	-	-	201,601	201,601	-	-	-	-		
Gas 1989 tax	-	-	108,621	108,621	-	-	-	-		
Adequate school facilities tax	1.000	1.000	1.790	790	-	-				
Uses of money and property Other:	1,000	1,000	1,790	790	500	500	5,554	5,054		
Orner: Drug related fines and contributions					20,000	20,000	67,931	47,931		
TOTAL REVENUES	951,000	951,000	988,568	37,568	20,500	20,500	73,485	52,985		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Roads and streets - street repairs	1,040,000	1,040,000	593,584	(446,416)	-	-	-	-		
Drug education	-	-	-	-	20,000	20,000	17,501	(2,499)		
Capital outlay						15,355	15,355	<u> </u>		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,040,000	1,040,000	593,584	(446,416)	20,000	35,355	32,856	(2,499)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(89,000)	(89,000)	394,984	483,984	500	(14,855)	40,629	55,484		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to Capital Projects Fund								<u> </u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (89,000)	\$ (89,000)	\$ 394,984	\$ 483,984	\$ 500	\$ (14,855)	\$ 40,629	\$ 55,484		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			382,211				408,363			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			<u>\$ 777,195</u>				\$ 448,992	:		

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

		PUBLIC	W	ORKS PRO	JEC	T FUND	ADEQUATE SCHOOL FACILITIES FUND					
	AN BU	RIGINAL D FINAL DGETED MOUNTS		ACTUAL		RIANCE WITH NAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	AN BU	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL		ARIANCE WITH INAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
REVENUES												
Licenses and permits:												
Public works project fees	\$	500,000	\$	1,054,200	\$	554,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental:												
Gasoline and motor fuel tax		-		-		-		-		-		-
Three cent tax		-		-		-		-		-		-
Gas 1989 tax		-		-		-		-		-		-
Adequate school facilities tax		-		-		-		450,000		618,838		168,838
Uses of money and property		2,000		4,092		2,092		2,000		3,510		1,510
Other:												
Drug related fines and contributions											_	-
TOTAL REVENUES		502,000	_	1,058,292	_	556,292		452,000		622,348	_	170,348
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Roads and streets - street repairs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Drug education		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_		_		_				_		_	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			_		_	<u>-</u>				-	_	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		502,000		1,058,292	_	556,292	_	452,000		622,348	_	170,348
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to Capital Projects Fund			_		_						_	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_				_	<u>-</u>				-	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	502,000	\$	1,058,292	\$	556,292	\$	452,000	\$	622,348	\$	170,348
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			-	1,093,894						1,138,875		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	2,152,186					\$	1,761,223		

(Continued on next page)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	TOTALS									
1	ORIGINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS			FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL			/ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES										
Licenses and permits:										
Public works project fees	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	1,054,200	\$	554,200		
Intergovernmental:										
Gasoline and motor fuel tax		950,000		950,000		676,556		(273,444)		
Three cent tax		-		-		201,601		201,601		
Gas 1989 tax		-		-		108,621		108,621		
Adequate school facilities tax		450,000		450,000		618,838		168,838		
Uses of money and property		5,500		5,500		14,946		9,446		
Other:		• • • • • •		• • • • • •						
Drug related fines and contributions		20,000	_	20,000		67,931	-	47,931		
TOTAL REVENUES		1,925,500		1,925,500		2,742,693	_	817,193		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Roads and streets - street repairs		1,040,000		1,040,000		593,584		(446,416)		
Drug education		20,000		20,000		17,501		(2,499)		
Capital outlay	-		_	15,355	_	15,355	_			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,060,000		1,075,355		626,440	_	(448,915)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		865,500		850,145		2,116,253	_	1,266,108		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers to Capital Projects Fund							_			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_				_			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	865,500	\$	850,145	\$	2,116,253	\$	1,266,108		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						3,023,343				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	5,139,596				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	ORIGINAL AMOUNTS	FINAL AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
REVENUES					
Uses of money and property:		.	40.500		
Interest earnings	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500	\$ 10,783	\$ 1,283	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal	2,555,000	2,555,000	2,555,000	-	
Interest	880,955	887,035	887,021	(14)	
Issuance costs	-	-	-	-	
Other:					
Bank service charges	6,000	6,000	3,809	(2,191)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,441,955	3,448,035	3,445,830	(2,205)	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(3,432,455)	(3,438,535)	(3,435,047)	(3,488)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from General Fund	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000	<u> </u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (82,455)</u>	<u>\$ (88,535)</u>	(85,047)	\$ 3,488	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			3,706,319		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 3,621,272		

Internal Service Funds

<u>Fuel Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all purchases of gasoline and diesel fuel used by the City. The funds are to be used to purchase fuel at market rates and allow the City's departments to purchase fuel at a set rate established at the beginning of each fiscal year. The purpose of the fund is to mitigate significant budgetary challenges that occur with rapid fluctuations in fuel costs.

<u>Insurance Fund</u> - This fund was created effective January 1, 2010 to centralize the payment of all health insurance related expenditures including group insurance premiums and the health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account. For fiscal year 2013, the fund was expanded to include workers compensation coverage. The goal of the fund is to eliminate the double digit growth in the cost of the group health insurance program that was prevalent under the traditional health insurance program through better management of claims and by assuming a calculated risk for direct reimbursement of claims cost through a partially self-insured program.

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	 FUEL	INSURANCE		_	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 431,488	\$	2,132,347	\$	2,563,835
Receivables:					
Accounts	-		39,578		39,578
Due From General Fund	44,084		-		44,084
Due From Water and Sewer Fund	7,093		-		7,093
Inventory	 31,373		-		31,373
Total Assets	 514,038	_	2,171,925		2,685,963
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	7,760		19,159		26,919
Claims payable	-	_	80,553	_	80,553
Total Liabilities	7,760	_	99,712	_	107,472
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	 506,278	_	2,072,213		2,578,491
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 506,278	\$	2,072,213	\$	2,578,491

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	FUEL	<u>INSURANCE</u>	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for sales and services Other	\$ 558,943 	\$ 3,037,152 287,778	\$ 3,596,095 287,778
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	558,943	3,324,930	3,883,873
OPERATING EXPENSES Costs of sales and services	398,287	3,062,652	3,460,939
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	398,287	3,062,652	3,460,939
OPERATING INCOME	160,656	262,278	422,934
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment earnings Transfers in	800	5,070	5,870
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	800	5,070	5,870
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	161,456	267,348	428,804
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	344,822	1,804,865	2,149,687
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 506,278	\$ 2,072,213	\$ 2,578,491

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	FUEL	INSURANCE	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 557,410	\$ 3,321,514	\$ 3,878,924
Payments to suppliers	(363,126)	(3,158,191)	(3,521,317)
Payments to employees	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	194,284	163,323	357,607
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	800	5,070	5,870
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	195,084	168,393	363,477
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	236,404	1,963,954	2,200,358
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 431,488	\$ 2,132,347	\$ 2,563,835
Reconciliation of operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$ 160,656	\$ 262,278	\$ 422,934
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in:		(2.416)	(2.416)
Accounts receivable Due from General Fund	(607)	(3,416)	(3,416) (607)
Due from Water and Sewer Fund	(926)	_	(926)
Inventory	33,670	-	33,670
Increase (decrease) in:	22,070		22,070
Accounts payable	1,491	(11,303)	(9,812)
Claims payable	_	(84,236)	(84,236)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	33,628	(98,955)	(65,327)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 194,284	\$ 163,323	\$ 357,607

FINANCIAL SCHEDULE SECTION



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Tax	В	ALANCE						F	BALANCE
Year	JUN	NE 30, 2014	LEVY	COLLECTIONS		ADJU	ADJUSTMENTS		NE 30, 2015
2014	\$	-	\$ 11,100,760	\$	(10,945,964)		-	\$	154,796
2013		164,180	-		(151,182)		-		12,998
2012		16,792	-		(15,208)		-		1,584
2011		5,927	-		(4,038)		-		1,889
2010		6,988	-		(454)		-		6,534
2009		7,472	-		(117)		-		7,355
2008		6,645	-		(68)		-		6,577
2007		3,782	-		(22)		-		3,760
2006		2,341	-		(5)		-		2,336
2005		2,672	-		123		-		2,795
2004		1,051					(1,051)		
Total	\$	217,850	\$ 11,100,760	\$	(11,116,935)	\$	(1,051)		200,624
					Estima	ated 201:	5 Tax Levy		11,426,757
								\$	11,627,381

All uncollected delinquent taxes have been filed, as required, with Williamson County's Clerk and Master.

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2015

	2006 G.O. Public Improvement Bonds					2006 G.O. Refunding Bonds				2007 G.O. Public Improvement Bonds			
Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	240,000	\$	4,500	\$	270,000	\$	75,805	\$	220,000	\$	138,838	
2017	•	_		_	•	280,000	•	65,493		230,000		130,412	
2018		-		-		295,000		54,711		235,000		121,603	
2019		-		-		305,000		43,461		245,000		112,602	
2020		-		-		315,000		31,758		255,000		103,219	
2021		-		-		325,000		19,516		265,000		93,452	
2022		-		-		340,000		6,630		275,000		83,303	
2023		-		-		-		-		285,000		72,770	
2024		-		-		-		-		300,000		61,855	
2025		-		-		-		-		310,000		50,365	
2026		-		-		-		-		320,000		38,492	
2027		-		-		-		-		335,000		26,236	
2028		-		-		-		-		350,000		13,405	
2029		-		-		-		-		-		-	
2030		-		-				_		-			
	\$	240,000	\$	4,500	\$	2,130,000	\$	297,374	\$	3,625,000	\$	1,046,548	
					!====		-						
		2011	a o			2012				2012			
	Г	2011 Public Impro	G.O.	t Ronds			G.O.	nde		2013 Public Impro	G.O		
X 7		•			_	Refunding Bonds				venie			
Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	
2016	\$	195,000	\$	132,125	\$	40,000	\$	62,300	\$	195,000	\$	135,788	
2017	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	126,200	Ψ	280,000	Ψ	59,100	Ψ	195,000	Ψ	131,888	
2018		205,000		120,125		285,000		53,450		205,000		126,863	
2019		215,000		113,825		295,000		47,650		210,000		120,638	
2020		220,000		107,300		300,000		41,700		215,000		114,263	
2021		225,000		100,625		305,000		35,650		220,000		108,838	
2022		235,000		93,725		315,000		29,450		225,000		104,388	
2023		240,000		86,600		320,000		23,100		230,000		99,694	
2024		250,000		79,250		325,000		16,650		235,000		94,459	
2025		255,000		71,675		330,000		10,100		240,000		88,669	
2026		265,000		63,875		340,000		3,400		245,000		82,453	
2027		270,000		55,681		-		_		255,000		75,413	
2028		280,000		46,913		-		_		260,000		67,688	
2029		290,000		37,469		-		-		270,000		59,400	
2030		300,000		27,513		-		-		280,000		50,113	
2031		310,000		17,025		-		-		290,000		40,138	
2032		320,000		5,800		-		-		300,000		29,438	
2033		-		-		-		-		310,000		18,000	
2034		_								325,000		6,094	
	\$	4,275,000	\$	1,285,725	\$	3,135,000	\$	382,550	\$	4,705,000	\$	1,554,225	

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2015

]	2009 G.O. Public Improvement Bonds			2011 G.O. Refunding Bonds						
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			
2016	\$	200,000	\$	151,119	\$	930,000	\$	96,163			
2017		200,000		142,119		540,000		81,463			
2018		210,000		136,119		550,000		67,813			
2019		220,000		129,819		580,000		50,863			
2020		230,000		120,194		590,000		33,313			
2021		235,000		110,131		190,000		22,563			
2022		245,000		100,731		195,000		18,469			
2023		255,000		89,706		195,000		13,838			
2024		260,000		81,100		200,000		8,775			
2025		270,000		72,000		205,000		3,075			
2026		280,000		61,200		-		-			
2027		295,000		50,000		-		-			
2028		305,000		38,200		-		-			
2029		320,000		26,000		-		-			
2030		330,000		13,200		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
	\$	3,855,000	\$	1,321,638	\$	4,175,000	\$	396,331			

20	13		\sim
20	1.5	UI.	U.

	Refunding Bonds				Totals Bonds					
Year	I	Principal	I	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2016	\$	325,000	\$	20,300	\$	2,615,000	\$	816,937		
2017		335,000		13,700		2,260,000		750,374		
2018		345,000		5,175		2,330,000		685,858		
2019		_		=		2,070,000		618,857		
2020		-		-		2,125,000		551,746		
2021		-		-		1,765,000		490,775		
2022		-		-		1,830,000		436,696		
2023		-		-		1,525,000		385,708		
2024		-		-		1,570,000		342,089		
2025		-		-		1,610,000		295,884		
2026		-		-		1,450,000		249,420		
2027		-		-		1,155,000		207,330		
2028		-		-		1,195,000		166,206		
2029		-		-		880,000		122,869		
2030		-		-		910,000		90,826		
2031		-		-		600,000		57,163		
2032		-		-		620,000		35,238		
2033		-		-		310,000		18,000		
2034		-			_	325,000		6,094		
	\$	1.005.000	\$	39.175	\$	27.145.000	\$	6.328.065		

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2015

		ver Revenue funding Bonds		er Revenue anding Bonds		r and Sewer d Tax Bonds	2010 Water Improvem	and Sewer ents Bonds
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016 2017	\$ 30,000	\$ 585	\$ 185,000 195,000	\$ 43,559 36,434	\$ 425,000 440,000	\$ 301,614 287,801	\$ 435,000 440,000	\$ 239,681 230,981
	-	-	,	28,934	*	272,401	450,000	,
2018 2019	-	-	205,000 210,000	21,153	455,000 470,000	255,339	460,000	217,781 208,781
2019	_	-	220,000	13,035	490,000	237,714	465,000	199,006
2021			230,000	4,428	510,000	218,849	480,000	187,963
2022			230,000	-,420	530,000	199,214	490,000	175,963
2023	_	_	_	_	555,000	178,279	500,000	163,100
2023	-	-	-	-	575,000	156,356	515,000	149,350
	-	-	-	-		*	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2025	-	-	-	-	600,000	133,356	530,000	135,188
2026	-	-	-	-	625,000	109,356	545,000	120,613
2027	-	-	-	-	655,000	84,356	560,000	104,263
2028	-	-	-	-	680,000	57,338	580,000	87,463
2029	-	-	-	-	710,000	29,288	595,000	69,338
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	615,000	50,000
2031							635,000	25,400
	\$ 30,000	\$ 585	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 147,542	\$ 7,720,000	\$ 2,521,261	\$ 8,295,000	\$ 2,364,871
	2012 Wate	er and Sewer	2013 Water	and Sewer	2013 Water	r and Cawar		
	-	nents Bonds	Improveme	ents Bonds	Refu	nding		Requirements
Year	Improven Principal						Total Debt R Principal	Requirements Interest
2016	Principal \$ 295,000	Interest \$ 126,788	Improvemed Principal \$ 130,000	Interest \$ 91,450	Refu Principal \$ 170,000	Interest \$ 12,250	Principal \$ 1,670,000	Interest \$ 815,926
2016 2017	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000	## Interest Section 20,788 Section 2	Improvement	### Sents Bonds	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304
2016 2017 2018	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000	## Interest Section 20,788 126,788 120,788 114,638	Principal \$ 130,000 135,000 135,000	### Sents Bonds Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404
2016 2017 2018 2019	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038	Improvement Principal	*** snds*** Interest \$ 91,450 \$88,800 \$85,425 \$81,300 77,025	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000	\$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538	Improvement Principal	*** sents Bonds Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000	815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000 335,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888	Improvement Principal	*** sents Bonds Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000 1,505,000	815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538	Improvement Principal	*** sents Bonds Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000	815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000 335,000 340,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138	Improvement Principal	*** sents Bonds** Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000 1,505,000 1,550,000	815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000 335,000 340,000 350,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238	Improvement Principal	*** sents Bonds** Interest	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000	\$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 350,000 355,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 70,350 67,203 63,656 59,694	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,700,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000	815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 330,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 70,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,755,000 1,755,000 1,815,000	\$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 70,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,555,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,755,000 1,815,000 1,875,000	\$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 395,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294 26,725	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 70,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025 33,775	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,755,000 1,815,000 1,875,000 1,200,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945 110,500
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 395,000 410,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294 26,725 16,406	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025 33,775 27,038	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,705,000 1,815,000 1,875,000 1,200,000 1,240,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945 110,500 68,844
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 395,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294 26,725	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 70,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025 33,775	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,755,000 1,815,000 1,875,000 1,200,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945 110,500
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 395,000 410,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294 26,725 16,406	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025 33,775 27,038	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,550,000 1,600,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,705,000 1,815,000 1,875,000 1,200,000 1,240,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945 110,500 68,844
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031	Principal \$ 295,000 305,000 310,000 315,000 320,000 335,000 340,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 380,000 390,000 395,000 410,000	\$ 126,788 120,788 114,638 108,388 102,038 95,538 88,888 82,138 75,238 68,188 60,988 53,406 45,200 36,294 26,725 16,406 5,513	Improvement Principal	\$ 91,450 88,800 85,425 81,300 77,025 73,350 67,203 63,656 59,694 55,466 50,750 45,575 40,025 33,775 27,038 19,875	Refu Principal \$ 170,000 205,000 215,000	Interest \$ 12,250 8,500	Principal \$ 1,670,000 1,720,000 1,770,000 1,595,000 1,640,000 1,505,000 1,555,000 1,650,000 1,650,000 1,700,000 1,705,000 1,815,000 1,875,000 1,200,000 1,240,000 620,000	Interest \$ 815,926 773,304 722,404 674,960 628,818 580,128 534,415 490,720 444,600 396,426 346,423 292,775 235,576 174,945 110,500 68,844 25,388

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Grant Description	Federal CFDA#	Grant Number	(1	Accrued Deferred) ne 30, 2014		Other stments	Federal Receipts	Ex	xpenditures_	(Γ	Accrued Deferred) e 30, 2015
FEDERAL AWARDS:											
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE											
Direct Program:											
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	\$	(348,679)	\$	957	\$ 45,769	\$	(15,355)	\$	(380,050)
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				(348,679)		957	 45,769		(15,355)		(380,050)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION											
Passed through Tennessee Department of Transportation:											
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	94-LPLM-F3-022 106994.00		_		_	38,562		(461,293)		422,731
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	94004-1227-04					50,502		(101,2/3)		.22,731
		105717.00		-		-	-		(182,400)		182,400
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	94LPLP-F3-002									
		119204.00		-		-	59,059		(94,292)		35,233
Total TN Highway Planning and Construction							 97,621		(737,985)		640,364
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			\$		\$		\$ 97,621	\$	(737,985)	\$	640,364
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$</u>	(348,679)	<u>\$</u>	957	\$ 143,390	<u>\$</u>	(753,340)	\$	260,314

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the grant activity of the City of Brentwood, Tennessee and is presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which is the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

The City did not have any direct state financial assistance for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 3 - EQUITABLE SHARING PROGRAM

Deferred amounts remaining on this award are included as Drug Fund restricted fund balance, as there is not a provision for repayment if not used, only restriction for use.

UTILITY RATE STRUCTURE AND NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Number	of
Custome	ers

Nation	Water	9,206		
Nater	Sewer	10,925		
Residential, institutional, retail, and certain other commercial customers: First 2,000 gallons		Rate Structure		
First 2,000 gallons	Water			
Gallons equivalent to total square footage of building space \$ 0.005814 Capprox. per ft² Usage exceeding 1 gallon per square foot (up to 10,000 gallons) 4.07 per 1,000 gallons Thereafter 4.65 per 1,000 gallons 4.07 per 1,000 gallons 4.07 per 1,000 gallons 4.05 per 1,000 gallons 5.00		First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons	\$ 4.07	per 1,000 gallons
Gallons equivalent to total square footage of building space \$ 0.005814 Capprox. per ft² Usage exceeding 1 gallon per square foot (up to 10,000 gallons) 4.07 per 1,000 gallons Thereafter 4.65 per 1,000 gallons 4.07 per 1,000 gallons 4.07 per 1,000 gallons 4.05 per 1,000 gallons 5.00		Commercial office customers:		
In City Limits: Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons \$ 14.53 minimum bill Next 8,000 gallons 5.81 per 1,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building \$ 0.009084 (approx. per ft²) Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.36 per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space \$ 18.16 (minimum bill) Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons 6.36 per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space \$ 18.16 (minimum bill) Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons 6.36 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 7.26 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 5.35 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons 5.35 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons 5.35 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons 6.11 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 7.63 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 6.69 per 1,000 gallon		Gallons equivalent to total square footage of building space Usage exceeding 1 gallon per square foot (up to 10,000 gallons)	\$ 4.07	per 1,000 gallons
In City Limits: Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons (3.36 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons (5.36 per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial customers - First 2,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial customers - First 2,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Signal (approx. per ft²) Up to 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Signal (minimum bill) Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Water Surcharge	0.84	per 1,000 gallons
Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Signal (minimum bill) Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons	Sewer			
Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Outside City Limits (Sewer Only customers): Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons	\$ 5.09	per 1,000 gallons
Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers - Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Outside City Limits (Sewer Only customers): Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Signal of the square foot of gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers		
Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Outside City Limits (Sewer Only customers): Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Tomaic description of the per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000	\$ 6.36	per 1,000 gallons
Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Sper 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Sper 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons	\$ 6.36	per 1,000 gallons
Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Residential customers - First 2,000 gallons Next 8,000 gallons	\$ 5.35	per 1,000 gallons
Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Commercial retail customers (sewer only); 105% institutional Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons		Commercial office, institutional and certain other commercial customers		
Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space \$ 19.08 (minimum bill) Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons Over 10,000 gallons, per 1,000 gallons 7.63 per 1,000 gallons		Minimum bill, per square foot of building Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000	\$ 6.69	per 1,000 gallons
Wastewater treatment surcharge for all Brentwood Sewer customers 0.91 per 1,000 gallons		Minimum bill, per unit or tenant space Up to 10,000 gallons total usage, per 1,000 gallons	\$ 6.69	per 1,000 gallons
		Wastewater treatment surcharge for all Brentwood Sewer customers	0.91	per 1,000 gallons

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE AWWA WATER SCHEDULE - UNAUDITED JUNE 30, 2015

A	VWA Free Water Audit Software:	WAS v5.0			
	Reporting Worksheet	American Water Works Association. Coppyright © 22014, All Rights Reserved.			
Click to access definition Water Audit Report for Reporting Year	City of Brentwood Water Services Department : 2015 6/2014 - 7/2015				
Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered value	s should be used: if metered values are unavailable please estir	matte a value. Indicate voor confidence in the			
accuracy of the input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using					
All volu	nes to be entered as: MILLION GALLONS (US) PER YEA	AR			
To select the correct data grading for eac where the utility meets or exceeds <u>all</u> criteri		Montay Mater and Cumply Free Adjustments			
WATER SUPPLIED	Enter grading in column 'E' and 'J'	Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustments> Pcnt: Value:			
Volume from own sources		2 MG/Yr			
Water imported	: + ? 9 2,051.972 MG/Yr +	? 8 0.00% ⑥ ○ MG/Yr			
Water exported	: + ? n/a 0.000 MG/Yr +	MG/Yr			
WATER SUPPLIED	: 2,051.972 MG/Yr	Enter negative % or value for under-registration Enter positive % or value for over-registration			
	72.0				
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION Billed metered	+ 7 10 1,382.735 MG/Yr	Click here: 2 for help using option			
Billed unmetered		buttons below			
Unbilled metered		Pcnt: Value:			
Unbilled unmetered	: + ? 10 14.756 MG/Yr	0			
		Use buttons to select			
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION	: 7 1,398.391 MG/Yr	percentage of water supplied			
		<u> </u>			
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption)	653.581 MG/Yr	value			
Apparent Losses		Pcnt:Value:			
Unauthorized consumption	5.130 MG/Yr	0.25% ● ○ MG/Yr			
Default option selected for unauthorized cor	sumption - a grading of 5 is applied but not displayed				
Customer metering inaccuracies		2.50%			
Systematic data handling errors		0.25% O MG/Yr			
	ta handling errors - a grading of 5 is applied but not di	spiayed			
Apparent Losses	: 44.042 MG/Yr				
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)					
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL) Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses	: <mark>609.539</mark> MG∕⁄r				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES					
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses	: 653.581 MG/Yr				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER	: 653.581 MG/Yr				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER	: 653.581 MG/Yr				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered	: 653.581 MG//r : 2 668.337 MG//r				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections	653.581 Mg/Yr : 7 668.337 Mg/Yr : + 7 9 217.7 miles : + 7 10 9,418				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 7 10 9,418 7 43 conn/mile main				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 9 00000/mile main	vice line, beyond the property			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 7 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 7 10 9,418 7 conn./mile main Yes (length of sen	vice line, <u>beyond</u> the property It is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line Average length of customer service line has been	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 9,418 9,418 9,418 1,7 conn/mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 9,418 9,418 9,418 1,7 conn/mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line Average length of customer service line has been	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 9,418 9,418 9,418 1,7 conn/mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 10 9,418 2 2 43 conn/mile main Yes 43 conn/mile main	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 9 43 conn/mile main 7 Yes 43 conn/mile main 7 Yes 43 conn/mile main 82 9 82.3 psi	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 2 conn./mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap 1 + 7 8 82.3 psi 4 2 8 \$7,415,079 \$/Year \$/100 gallons (US)	it is the responsibility of the utility)			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses)	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 2 conn./mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap 1 + 7 8 82.3 psi 4 2 8 \$7,415,079 \$/Year \$/100 gallons (US)	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses)	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 2 conn./mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap 1 + 7 8 82.3 psi 4 2 8 \$7,415,079 \$/Year \$/100 gallons (US)	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 2 conn./mile main Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap 1 + 7 8 82.3 psi 4 2 8 \$7,415,079 \$/Year \$/100 gallons (US)	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 7 668.337 MG/Yr 217.7 miles 9,418 7 10 9,418 7 conn./mile main Yes (length of ser boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap 1 + 7 8 8 \$7,415,079 \$//ear \$ 7 8 \$ \$5.67 \$/1000 gallons (US) \$2,648.82 \$//Million gallons	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density. Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure. COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consur	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 7 9 217.7 miles 9,418 7 10 9,418 7 2 2000 conn/mile main 7 Yes (length of sen boundary, the set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been ap set to zero and a data grading score o	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consur	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 0 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 3 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: Aweighted scale for the components of consur PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by a	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 0 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 3 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connection density. Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure. COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consure PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by a 1: Water imported	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 0 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 3 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connections Service connection density Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: Aweighted scale for the components of consur PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by a	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 0 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 3 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses WATER LOSSES NON-REVENUE WATER = Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered SYSTEM DATA Length of mains Number of active AND inactive service connection density. Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or propert line Average length of customer service line has been Average operating pressure. COST DATA Total annual cost of operating water system Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses) Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses) WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE: A weighted scale for the components of consure PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION: Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by a 1: Water imported	653.581 MG/Yr 668.337 MG/Yr 2 668.337 MG/Yr 2 9 217.7 miles 9,418 2 0 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 2 0 0 10 9,418 3 0 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	t is the responsibility of the utility) plied Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses			

CITY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE AWWA WATER SCHEDULE - CONTINUED - UNAUDITED JUNE 30, 2015

	AWWA Free Water Audit Software: American Water Works Association.
	System Attributes and Performance Indicators Copyright © 2014, All Rights Reserved.
	Water Audit Report for: City of Brentwood Water Services Department
	Reporting Year: 2015 6/2014 - 7/2015
System Attributes:	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE IS: 83 out of 100 ***
System Attributes.	Apparent Losses: 44.042 MG/Yr
	+ Real Losses: 609.539 MG/Yr
	= Water Losses: 653.581 MG/Yr
	navoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL): 77.82 MG/Yr
	Annual cost of Apparent Losses: \$249,627
	Annual cost of Real Losses: \$1,614,560 Valued at Variable Production Cost
	Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumption
Performance Indicators:	
Financial:	Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied: 32.6%
i ilaliolai.	Non-revenue water as percent by cost of operating system: 25.7% Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost
	Apparent Losses per service connection per day: 12.81 gallons/connection/day
	Real Losses per service connection per day: 177.32 gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency:	Real Losses per length of main per day*:
	Real Losses per service connection per day per psi pressure: 2.15 gallons/connection/day/psi
	Real Losses per service confilection per day per psi pressure.
F	From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual Real Losses (CARL): 609.54 million gallons/year
	1 nfrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) [CARL/UARL]: 7.83
* This performance indicator applies	for systems with a low service connection density of less than 32 service connections/mile of pipeline

CITY OF BRENTWOOD LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND BONDED AMOUNTS - (UNAUDITED) JUNE 30, 2015

Elected:

Mayor	Regina R. Smithson	\$500,000
Vice Mayor	Jill Burgin	\$500,000
Commissioner	Anne Dunn	\$500,000
Commissioner	Betsy Crossley	\$500,000
Commissioner	Mark Gorman	\$500,000
Commissioner	Rhea E. Little, III	\$500,000
Commissioner	Ken Travis	\$500,000

Appointed:

City Manager	Kirk Bednar	\$500,000
Assistant City Manager	Jay Evans	\$500,000
City Attorney	Roger A. Horner	\$500,000
City Recorder	Deborah Hedgepath	\$500,000
Finance Director	Carson K. Swinford	\$500,000
City Treasurer	Karen W. Harper	\$500,000
Human Resource Director	Michael Worsham	\$500,000
Police Chief	Jeff Hughes	\$500,000
Fire Chief	Brian Goss	\$500,000
Planning and Codes Director	Jeff Dobson	\$500,000
Public Works Director	Jeff Donegan	\$500,000
Engineering Director	Mike Harris	\$500,000
Water and Sewer Director	Chris Milton	\$500,000
Library Director	Susan Earl	\$500,000
Community Relations Director	Linda Lynch	\$500,000
Parks and Recreation Director	David M. Bunt	\$500,000
Technology Director	John I. Allman, IV	\$500,000
City Judge	Laurie Jewett	\$500,000

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Brentwood's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	93 - 98
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes	99 - 105
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	106 - 109
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	110 -111
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	112 - 114

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS/POSITION BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED)

	_	2006	_	2007	_	2008	_	2009	_	2010	 2011		2012	_	2013		2014	_	2015
Governmental activities																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	119,009,889	\$	135,812,978	\$	139,216,762	\$	157,618,661	\$	161,999,322	\$ 171,916,717	\$	178,649,136	\$	185,860,823	\$ 1	190,264,011	\$	206,296,175
Restricted		2,621,325		1,238,048		3,230,842	(1)	3,447,290		7,036,941	6,615,744		5,521,606		4,960,235 (3)		4,153,551		5,139,526
Unrestricted		29,586,562		36,398,248	_	45,441,221	_	40,970,717	_	40,075,849	 34,754,804	_	40,473,973	_	46,285,157 (2)		49,687,981	4)	57,152,889
Total governmental activities net position	\$	151,217,776	\$	173,449,274	\$	187,888,825	\$	202,036,668	\$	209,112,112	\$ 213,287,265	\$	224,644,715	\$	237,106,215	\$ 2	244,105,543	\$	268,588,590
Business-type activities																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	45,220,609	\$	46,036,765	\$	50,097,841	\$	45,581,522	\$	49,282,442	\$ 41,833,117	\$	51,006,423	\$	51,490,226	\$	50,452,428	\$	48,883,727
Restricted		269,708		269,708		269,708		179,823		-	-		120,000		- (3)		-		-
Unrestricted	_	6,094,460	_	10,640,015	_	9,034,115	_	16,384,008	_	15,459,180	 25,853,129	_	21,681,193	_	23,873,374 (2)		26,032,698	4)	29,501,212
Total business-type activities net position	\$	51,584,777	\$	56,946,488	\$	59,401,664	\$	62,145,353	\$	64,741,622	\$ 67,686,246	\$	72,807,616	\$	75,363,600	\$	76,485,126	\$	78,384,939
Primary government																			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	164,230,498	\$	181,849,743	\$	189,314,603	\$	203,200,183	\$	211,281,764	\$ 213,749,834	\$	229,655,559	\$	237,351,049	\$ 2	240,716,439	\$	255,179,902
Restricted		2,891,033		1,507,756		3,500,550		3,627,113		7,036,941	6,615,744		5,641,606		4,960,235 (3)		4,153,551		5,139,526
Unrestricted	_	35,681,022		47,038,263		54,475,336	_	57,354,725	_	55,535,029	 60,607,933	_	62,155,166	_	70,158,531 (2)		75,720,679	4)	86,654,101
Total primary government net position	\$	202,802,553	\$	230,395,762	\$	247,290,489	\$	264,182,021	\$	273,853,734	\$ 280,973,511	\$	297,452,331	\$	312,469,815	\$ 3	320,590,669	\$	346,973,529

⁽¹⁾ A prior period adjustment was posted to restricted governmental net assets in 2008 in connection with the adoption of GASB Statement 45 for amounts previously transferred from governmental funds to Post Employment Benefits Fund resulting in overfunding upon implementation.

⁽²⁾ GASB Statement No. 63 and 65 were implemented in FY 2013 and changed the name of governmental activities and business-type/proprietary fund net assets to net position. Additionally, these statements introduced the concept of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for items previously classified as assets and liabilities. These changes are applicable for fiscal years beginning in 2013.

⁽³⁾ OPEB assets previously reported as restricted have been reclassified as a component of unrestricted net position beginning in 2013.

⁽⁴⁾ A prior period adjustment was posted to unrestricted net position in connection with the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 for pensions.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/POSITION (UNAUDITED)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
EXPENSES								-		
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5,364,225	\$ 5,179,031	\$ 5,671,314	\$ 6,477,468	\$ 6,100,293	\$ 5,875,080	\$ 6,597,201	\$ 6,853,667	\$ 6,674,735	\$ 6,364,225
Public safety	10,043,600	10,354,861	11,582,486	11,906,523	11,901,013	12,260,875	12,123,456	12,274,641	12,623,784	11,769,252
Roads and streets	6,134,385	7,999,238	8,608,854	9,813,754	9,550,587	10,968,394	8,724,793	9,340,924	9,317,989	10,899,396
Public health	63,753	76,310	80,890	80,858	78,519	81,248	79,638	81,182	88,068	88,524
Parks and recreation	2,535,784	2.113.051	2,214,424	2,257,828	2,253,977	2,475,591	2,527,115	2,635,324	2,630,573	2,720,304
Public library	1,828,744	1.917.705	2,059,858	2,179,852	2,277,395	2,447,976	2,422,613	2,573,378	2,695,163	2,582,263
Community support	261,678	264,226	259,756	256,220	258,112	265,068	294,259	280,627	312,295	336,562
Drug education	108.669	58.279	63,604	60,117	113,392	66,972	74,485	24,818	53,055	53,330
Facilities maintenance projects	100,009	36,279	131,616	134,359	413,745	00,972	74,403	24,010	33,033	55,550
Other	10.368	-	151,010	134,339	413,743	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,001,149	1,141,649	1,230,022	1,148,236	1,145,000	1,152,676	930,474	925,012	1,198,233	838,018
interest on long-term debt	1,001,149	1,141,049	1,230,022	1,148,230	1,145,000	1,132,070	930,474	925,012	1,198,233	838,018
Total governmental activities	27,352,355	- 29,104,350	31,902,824	34,315,215	34,092,033	35,593,880	33,774,034	34,989,573	35,593,895	35,651,874
Business-type activities:										
Water and Sewer	\$ 9,751,321	\$ 10,105,203	\$ 11,551,025	\$ 11,671,952	\$ 12,150,791	\$ 13,092,399	\$ 13,140,446	\$ 14,507,961	\$ 15,954,570	\$ 15,569,461
Rental facilities	463,648	475,793	507,356	584,900	515,425	564,841	613,469	635,621	656,642	699,412
911 operations	788,595	842,061	889,135	898,577	922,375	1,064,637	1,149,062	1,194,308	1,224,118	1,130,021
Total business-type activities	11,003,564	11,423,057	12,947,516	13,155,429	13,588,591	14,721,877	14,902,977	16,337,890	17,835,330	17,398,894
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$ 38,355,919	\$ 40,527,407	\$ 44,850,340	\$ 47,470,644	\$ 47,680,624	\$ 50,315,757	\$ 48,677,011	\$ 51,327,463	\$ 53,429,225	\$ 53,050,768
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 392,005	\$ 457,610	\$ 631,595	\$ 572,763 (1)	\$ 826,573	\$ 951,096	\$ 1,206,745	\$ 1,332,955	\$ 1,273,686	\$ 1,268,909
Roads and streets	55,324	64.741	35,646	41.210		360,927	676,355	1.514.944	703,350	1,185,065
Parks and recreation	29,101	67,650	90,933	92,498	98,336	116,950	125,154	112,905	124,736	109,739
Public library	125,556	138,322	137.032	136,250	147.013	156,372	156,636	140,832	148,520	143,688
Community support	24,341	23,841	24,325	22,686	25,141	29,430	29,631	29,977	27,850	31,738
Operating grants and contributions	1,039,004	915.641	1,026,577	1,007,259	1,487,877	1,424,021	1,006,999	1,020,125	1,004,056	1,724,759
Capital grants and contributions	-	17,294,640	6,909,990	13,452,200 (1		4,508,465	7,711,481	7,833,395	4,107,635	16,726,448
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,665,331	18,962,445	8,856,098	15,324,866	11,598,878	7,547,261	10,913,001	11,985,133	7,389,833	21,190,346
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer	10,580,466	11,452,036	12,484,931	13,209,778	12,658,635	13,879,189	14,539,927	13,946,250	14,434,478	15,011,973
Rental facilities	490,188	478,347	496,971	509,673	556,317	611,567	676,488	728,213	675,285	723,714
911 operations	538,212	620,309	623,926	652,548	648,731	663,715	660,316	626,587	576,880	269,612
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	189,153	207,911	271,154	238,727	562,808
Capital grants and contributions	2,485,002	3,451,033	949,505	957,013	809,958	1,653,925	3,163,900	2,822,068	2,762,989	2,192,730
Total business-type activities program revenues	14,093,868	16,001,725	14,555,333	15,329,012	14,673,641	16,997,549	19,248,542	18,394,272	18,688,359	18,760,837
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES	\$ 15,759,199	\$ 34,964,170	\$ 23,411,431	\$ 30,653,878	\$ 26,272,519	\$ 24,544,810	\$ 30,161,543	\$ 30,379,405	\$ 26,078,192	\$ 39,951,183
NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE										
Governmental activities	\$ (25,687,024)	\$ (10,141,905)	\$ (23,046,726)	\$ (18,990,349)	\$ (22,493,155)	\$ (28,046,619)	\$ (22,861,033)	\$ (23,004,440)	\$ (28,204,062)	\$ (14,461,528)
Business-type activities	3,090,304	4,578,668	1,607,817	2,173,583	1,085,050	2,275,672	4,345,565	2,056,382	853,029	1,361,943
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET EXPENSE	\$ (22,596,720)	\$ (5,563,237)	\$ (21,438,909)	\$ (16,816,766)	\$ (21,408,105)	\$ (25,770,947)	\$ (18,515,468)	\$ (20,948,058)	\$ (27,351,033)	\$ (13,099,585)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS/POSITION (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities:										
Taxes								0 40 500 000		
Property taxes	\$ 8,929,991	\$ 9,305,843	\$ 9,948,350	\$ 10,349,458	\$ 10,666,669	\$ 10,910,998	\$ 10,857,220	\$ 10,738,390	\$ 11,030,338	\$ 11,290,941
Local option taxes	10,098,176	10,510,078	10,897,522	10,261,708	10,173,406	11,027,909	12,005,650	12,762,673	12,954,622	13,820,565
Hotel/Motel taxes Wholesale beer and liquor taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,144,406 (2) 1,230,697 (2)		1,362,325 1,282,506	1,439,717 1,337,106
•	-	-	-	_ (1)						1,557,100
State sales and income taxes	-	-	-		.,	4,552,428	- (2		-	
Other business taxes	-	-	-	_ (1)	-,,	3,945,296	- (2		-	-
Adequate schools facilities taxes	-	-	-	_ (1)	218,990	332,178	412,451	494,233	616,142	618,838
Licenses and permits	3,315,881	3,770,901	4,025,144	3,871,297 (1)	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	1,930,755	1,680,610	1,146,517	631,364 (1)	767,240	817,978	536,547 (2	526,677	536,418	561,144
State sales, income, and other taxes	4,170,870	5,500,693	6,744,510	6,612,992 (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted intergovernmental taxes:										
State sales	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,513,971 (2	2.561.661	2,647,788	2,829,973
Income			_	-	_	-	2,284,851 (2	3,269,643	3,237,239	4,004,352
Business	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,339,121 (2	1,639,950	1,881,556	1,667,422
TVA in-lieu	-	-	-	-	-	-	428,175 (2	422,625	410,018	429,531
Mixed drink and beer	-	-	-	-	-	-	152,273 (2)	160,299	182,131	178,237
Petroleum special	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,063 (2	75,935	75,841	76,169
Corporate excise	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,633 (2)		48,993	57,008
Telecommunications	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,301 (2		3,791	3,654
Other intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,463 (2		343,912	321,960
Unrestricted earnings	1,287,069	2,129,264	1,883,205	1,099,457	731,313	817,401	578,871	621,825	566,443	538,317
Miscellaneous	532,213	512,712	1,548,023	724,916	370,192	236,284	293,655	481,604	213,000	188,341
Loss on disposal of capital assets	- (445,000)	(84,698)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions to Post Employment Benefit Fund	(617,000)	(620,000)	(205.000)	(412.000)	(1.410.700)	(410.700)	(422.050)	(5.40.700)	(410.700)	(410.700)
Transfers	(263,400)	(332,000)	(395,000)	(413,000)	(1,418,700)	(418,700)	(422,950)	(548,700)	(418,700)	(418,700)
Total government activities	29,384,555	32,373,403	35,798,271	33,138,192	29,568,599	32,221,772	33,587,398	35,816,852	36,974,363	38,944,575
Business-type activities										
Unrestricted investment earnings	307,198	511,043	452,359	157,106	92,519	250,252	156,503	173,623	84,556	119,170
Contributions to Post Employment Benefit Fund	(60,000)	(60,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-	-	196,352	-	-	-
Transfers	263,400	332,000	395,000	413,000	1,418,700	418,700	422,950	548,700	418,700	418,700
Total business-type activities	510,598	783,043	847,359	570,106	1,511,219	668,952	775,805	722,323	503,256	537,870
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 29,895,153	\$ 33,156,446	\$ 36,645,630	\$ 33,708,298	\$ 31,079,818	\$ 32,890,724	\$ 34,363,203	\$ 36,539,175	\$ 37,477,619	\$ 39,482,445
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	\$ 3,697,531	\$ 29,845,685	\$ 12,751,545	\$ 14,147,843	\$ 7,075,444	\$ 4,175,153	\$ 10,726,365	\$ 12,812,412	\$ 8,770,301	\$ 24,483,047
Business-type activities	3,600,902	5,361,711	2,455,176	2,743,689	2,596,269	2,944,624	5,121,370	2,778,705	1,356,285	1,899,813
**										
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 7,298,433	\$ 35,207,396	\$ 15,206,721	\$ 16,891,532	\$ 9,671,713	\$ 7,119,777	\$ 15,847,735	\$ 15,591,117	\$ 10,126,586	\$ 26,382,860

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2009, management modified the presentation of certain accounts to better reflect revenues between general revenues and program revenues.

NOTE: See Notes on page 93.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2012, management modified the presentation of certain accounts to better reflect revenues between general revenues and program revenues.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Unreserved	18,477,195	18,511,792	23,074,729	24,948,669	25,383,963					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	_	_	\$ 106,295	(1) \$ 40,995	\$ 283,514	\$ 23,877	\$ 88,444
Committed	-	-	-	_	_	2,055,889	(1) 3,841,285	4,191,394	4,673,661	4,922,928
Unassigned	-	_	-	_	_	23,215,831	(1) 26,545,794	29,560,931	30,701,075	32,847,950
							·			
Total general fund	\$18,477,195	\$18,511,792	\$23,074,729	\$24,948,669	\$25,383,963	\$ 25,378,015	\$30,428,074	\$ 34,035,839	\$ 35,398,613	\$ 37,859,322
		-			-					
All Other Governmental Funds										
Unreserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Reserved										
Reserved for debt services	3,023,388	3,537,262	4,192,274	3,732,563	3,979,063					
Reserved for capital projects	14,618,603	16,734,749	21,627,739	15,400,265	16,342,312					
Reserved for facilities repairs	-	-	176,603	363,318	752,919					
Reserved for street repairs	561,571	581,731	589,004	485,175	392,214					
Reserved for drug enforcement and education	142,077	104,779	49,439	118,447	151,811					
Restricted										
Restricted for street repairs	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 397,129	(1) \$ 358,999	\$ 461,649	\$ 382,211	\$ 777,195
Restricted for drug enforcement and education	-	-	-	-	-	186,549	(1) 284,486	352,764	408,363	448,992
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	1,967,705	(1) 2,237,084	3,161,408	2,232,769	4,541,268
Committed										
Committed to capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	9,258,181	(1) 8,600,375	9,387,496	13,429,400	15,030,317
Committed to debt service	-	-	-	-	-	3,942,590	(1) 3,793,311	3,712,435	3,706,319	3,621,272
Total all other governmental funds	\$18,345,639	\$20,958,521	\$26,635,059	\$20,099,768	\$21,618,319	\$ 15,752,154	\$15,274,255	\$ 17,075,752	\$ 20,159,062	\$ 24,419,044
Total governmental funds	\$36,822,834	\$39,470,313	\$49,709,788	\$45,048,437	\$47,002,282	\$ 41,130,169	\$45,702,329	\$ 51,111,591	\$ 55,557,675	\$ 62,278,366

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$22,344,048	\$23,586,822	\$ 24,871,016	\$ 24,482,463	\$ 24,572,917	\$25,884,203	\$ 25,774,520	\$26,478,832	\$27,166,209	\$ 28,453,126
Licenses and permits	1,930,755	1,680,610	1,146,517	631,364	843,301	1,000,864	1,448,508	2,419,665	1,609,529	2,077,151
Fines and fees	392,005	457,610	631,595	572,763	378,878	277,949	373,100	367,427	307,980	306,362
Charges for services	234,322	294,554	287,936	292,644	284,184	335,962	372,913	344,521	360,633	355,626
Intergovernmental	5,209,874	6,416,334	7,771,087	7,620,251	6,501,066	7,338,849	9,411,861	9,803,416	10,496,352	11,908,249
Uses of money and property	1,287,069	2,129,264	1,883,205	1,099,457	729,251	806,996	571,595	621,825	566,443	538,317
Other revenues	532,213	512,712	1,548,023	663,844	370,192	236,284	293,655	481,604	213,000	188,341
TOTAL REVENUES	31,930,286	35,077,906	38,139,379	35,362,786	33,679,789	35,881,107	38,246,152	40,517,290	40,720,146	43,827,172
EXPENDITURES										
General government	4,457,292	4,727,232	5,175,337	5,527,562	5,306,980	5,380,604	5,710,028	6,130,364	6,061,451	6,388,722
Public safety	9,405,597	10,009,079	10,863,119	11,379,395	11,477,366	12,387,195	11,859,078	12,178,507	12,898,119	13,237,000
Roads and streets	3,676,825	3,822,056	4,317,743	4,437,408	4,478,022	5,129,091	4,739,856	4,631,107	5,146,761	4,874,736
Public health	63,753	76,310	80,890	80,858	78,519	81,248	79,638	81,182	88,068	88,524
Parks and recreation	1,284,465	1,458,493	1,582,625	1,640,627	1,615,046	1,737,854	1,794,215	1,969,273	1,993,508	2,311,010
Public library	1,645,071	1,755,700	1,845,720	1,982,039	1,974,656	2,020,271	2,001,510	2,141,269	2,255,226	2,291,101
Community support	241,243	264,226	259,756	256,220	258,112	265,068	294,259	280,627	312,295	336,562
Drug education	31,593	22,414	33,962	25,418	25,278	16,861	14,935	11,879	30,717	17,501
Facility maintenance	-	-	131,616	134,359	413,745	-	-	-	-	-
Other	5,395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	4,692,511	6,435,501	5,349,986	10,251,368	6,043,040	11,060,955	8,914,483	3,783,204	8,611,260	3,700,604
Contribution to Post Employment Benefits Fund	617,000	620,000	- '	* -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service										
Principal	2,182,830	1,809,255	2,055,795	2,277,460	1,919,256	2,141,197	2,243,292	2,465,555	2,475,000	2,555,000
Interest	967,277	1,098,161	1,070,861	1,140,915	1,146,167	1,114,176	1,021,856	886,361	892,672	887,021
Bond issue costs							198,078		80,109	
Total expenditures	29,270,852	32,098,427	32,767,410	39,133,629	34,736,187	41,334,520	38,871,228	34,559,328	40,845,186	36,687,781
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	2,659,434	2,979,479	5,371,969	(3,770,843)	(1,056,398)	(5,453,413)	(625,076)	5,957,962	(125,040)	7,139,391
over (under) expenditures	2,039,434	2,717,419	3,371,709	(3,770,043)	(1,030,398)	(3,433,413)	(023,070)	3,337,302	(125,040)	7,137,371

^{*}Beginning in 2008 with the adoption of GASB 45, the City expensed OPEB amounts within the personnel line item of each respective department.

(continued on following page)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) (UNAUDITED)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$ 7,267,668	\$11,922,523	\$ 5,842,792	\$ 6,652,545	\$ 5,142,275	\$ 9,366,500	\$ 5,582,436	\$ 7,490,000	\$11,031,520	\$ 8,495,000
Transfers out	(7,531,068)	(12,254,523)	(6,237,792)	(7,065,545)	(7,060,975)	(9,785,200)	(6,155,386)	(8,038,700)	(11,450,220)	(8,913,700)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	4,800,000	-	4,935,000	-	4,760,000	-	4,845,000	-	4,895,000	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	2,430,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,635,000	-	1,005,000	-
Payment of refunded bond escrow agent	(2,398,471)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,924,444)	-	(1,035,464)	-
Bond discount	(68,320)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium					168,943		583,545		125,288	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,499,809	(332,000)	4,540,000	(413,000)	3,010,243	(418,700)	4,566,151	(548,700)	4,571,124	(418,700)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 7,159,243	\$ 5,039,969	\$ 9,911,969	\$ (4,183,843)	\$ 1,953,845	\$ (5,872,113)	\$ 3,941,075	\$ 5,409,262	\$ 4,446,084	\$ 6,720,691
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	12.8	6 11.4 9	6 11.4 9	6 11.8 9	6 10.7 %	6 11.1 9	6 11.5 9	6 11.4 9	6 11.4 9	% 11.0 %

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR *	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL	FARM	PERSONAL PROPERTY	TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	TAX RATE	ESTIMATED ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE AS A PERCENTAGE OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE	_
2006	366,105,640	990,004,350	19,816,550	60,646,436	1,436,572,976	0.59	5,153,907,817	27.87	%
2007	442,380,280	1,274,199,450	23,068,300	63,428,258	1,803,046,288	0.49	6,543,443,179	27.56	%
2008	468,298,840	1,372,673,625	26,790,150	70,199,061	1,937,961,676	0.49	6,999,453,884	27.69	%
2009	498,379,173	1,457,432,287	22,325,822	69,298,089	2,047,435,371	0.49	7,362,074,632	27.81	%
2010	503,735,572	1,497,246,346	21,369,957	81,415,649	2,103,767,524	0.49	7,599,886,397	27.68	%
2011	503,799,096	1,513,661,397	21,053,881	78,964,295	2,117,478,669	0.49	7,654,188,725	27.66	%
2012	624,223,809	1,626,787,010	19,035,100	78,672,001	2,348,717,920	0.44	8,408,400,132	27.93	%
2013	615,081,282	1,661,897,110	19,319,400	79,521,200	2,375,818,992	0.44	8,528,935,376	27.86	%
2014	620,333,962	1,703,757,635	18,731,900	74,740,734	2,417,564,231	0.44	8,693,902,911	27.81	%
2015	677,127,197	1,746,730,160	20,910,225	78,099,066	2,522,866,648	0.44	9,029,245,645	27.94	%

^{*} The fiscal year listed corresponds to the preceding tax year levy (2015 fiscal year would represent the 2014 tax levy)
This represents the period for which the taxes were levied.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (UNAUDITED)

		OVERLAPPING
	DIRECT RATE	RATE *
	CITY OF	WILLIAMSON
FISCAL YEAR **	BRENTWOOD	COUNTY
2006	.59 / 100	2.79 / 100
2007	.49 / 100	2.26 / 100
2008	.49 / 100	2.26 / 100
2009	.49 / 100	2.26 / 100
2010	.49 / 100	2.26 / 100
2011	.49 / 100	2.26 / 100
2012	.44 / 100	2.26 / 100
2013	.44 / 100	2.26 / 100
2014	.44 / 100	2.26 / 100
2015	.44 / 100	2.26 / 100

^{*} Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Brentwood.

^{**} The fiscal year listed corresponds to the preceding tax year levy (2015 fiscal year would represent the 2014 tax levy). This represents the period for which the taxes were levied.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (UNAUDITED)

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		FY 2015					FY 2006				
TAXPAYER	Tax	able Assessed Value*	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Tax	xable Assessed Value*	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value			
Highwoods/Tenn Holdings LP	\$	61,898,600	1	2.38 %	\$	41,769,440	2	2.79 %			
Bellsouth Telecommunication		37,000,000	2	1.42		60,341,322	1	4.03			
Boyle Investments		36,312,800	3	1.40		-		-			
Carter Validus Properties		34,342,700	4	1.32							
Duke Realty		33,153,200	5	1.28		10,190,480	4	0.68			
Brentwood Place Holding		23,202,400	6	0.89		-		-			
Heritage Retirement Facility		17,840,000	7	0.69		-		-			
Hospitality Properties Trust		16,966,300	8	0.65		-		-			
PEM Investments		16,385,400	9	0.63		-		-			
Gateway Kentfield Inc		11,257,700	10	0.43		8,627,640	6	0.58			
Wells Fargo XII-Reit Joint		-		-		8,563,120	7	0.57			
SBP Nashville, LLC		-		-		14,942,520	3	1.00			
Brentwood Retail LP		-		-		9,317,760	5	0.62			
Developers Diversified		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		8,375,960	8	0.56			
Total	\$	288,359,100		11.10 %	\$	162,128,242		10.83 %			
Total Assessment	\$	2,597,902,028	**		\$	1,496,914,298	***				

^{*} Source: - 2006 and 2015 Williamson County Assessment

^{**} Total Assessment Value for Tax Year 2015 (includes public utility assessment)

*** Comptroller of the Treasury Office of Assessed Properties (does not include public utility assessment)

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				COLLECTED WITHIN THE FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY				TOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE				
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30					PERCENTAGE OF LEVY					PERCENTAGE OF LEVY		
2006	\$	8,448,015	\$	8,153,723	96.5%	\$	291,632	\$	8,445,355	100.0%		
2007		8,885,916		8,761,268	98.6%		122,312		8,883,580	100.0%		
2008		9,497,764		9,329,872	98.2%		164,132		9,494,004	100.0%		
2009		10,034,692		9,835,526	98.0%		192,589		10,028,115	99.9%		
2010		10,262,147		9,983,488	97.3%		271,304		10,254,792	99.9%		
2011		10,356,406		10,098,663	97.5%		251,209		10,349,872	99.9%		
2012		10,335,554		10,224,371	98.9%		109,294		10,333,665	100.0%		
2013		10,453,923		10,297,356	98.5%		154,983		10,452,339	100.0%		
2014		10,637,930		10,473,750	98.5%		151,182		10,624,932	99.9%		
2015		11,100,760		10,945,964	98.6%		-		10,945,964	98.6%		

Taxes are assessed as of January 1 and are due October 1 of each year. Taxes become delinquent after February 28 of the following year and a combined interest/penalty of 1.5% accrues on the first day of each month that taxes remain delinquent (18% annually). Effective with Tax Year 13

^{*} The fiscal year listed corresponds to the preceding tax year levy (2015 fiscal year would represent the 2014 tax levy). This represents the period for which the taxes were levied.

LOCAL TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Category										
1 Apparel Stores	\$ 33,110,402	\$ 36,340,515	\$ 36,791,744	\$ 34,207,950	\$ 35,603,335	\$ 36,114,319	\$ 42,427,613	\$ 44,738,731	\$ 46,359,901	\$ 58,604,409
2 General Merchandise Stores	79,666,952	93,667,544	96,290,678	102,124,500	103,554,734	106,921,963	112,677,316	124,020,931	133,660,538	142,312,149
3 Food Stores	105,320,600	112,792,481	122,265,370	124,903,787	121,282,425	123,553,923	129,922,134	131,410,673	135,436,755	135,950,643
4 Eating and Drinking Places	58,916,383	66,998,444	66,639,721	64,569,999	62,775,480	64,343,637	69,334,673	74,552,538	77,800,464	83,791,255
5 Furniture Stores	136,502,232	147,860,607	131,089,288	106,871,146	84,004,301	90,529,601	95,062,055	99,785,158	101,560,402	108,254,797
6 Building Materials	58,559,976	62,973,618	58,975,759	49,997,120	42,539,665	43,710,523	45,675,018	54,197,346	55,344,304	58,751,290
7 MV Dealers and Service Stations	28,685,813	27,846,907	29,598,430	27,848,660	26,799,004	28,419,425	30,486,891	32,776,910	34,299,124	42,781,718
8 Other Retail	83,541,019	95,137,484	116,873,769	125,204,559	117,644,106	125,540,882	124,362,484	135,444,730	143,958,140	142,240,016
9 All Other Outlets	170,248,876	183,311,997	188,341,509	197,290,451	179,229,331	200,419,542	228,466,741	286,919,496	283,444,183	255,574,163
Total	\$ 754,552,253	\$ 826,929,597	\$ 846,866,268	\$ 833,018,172	\$ 773,432,381	\$ 819,553,815	\$ 878,414,925	\$ 983,846,513	\$1,011,863,811	\$1,028,260,440

Source: Tennessee Department of Revenue, Research Section

Note: Figures subject to revision due to amended taxpayer returns.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Williamson County	State of Tennessee
2006	1.125 %	1.125 %	7.00 %
2007	1.125	1.125	7.00
2008	1.125	1.125	7.00
2009	1.125	1.125	7.00
2010	1.125	1.125	7.00
2011	1.125	1.125	7.00
2012	1.125	1.125	7.00
2013	1.125	1.125	7.00
2014	1.125	1.125	7.00
2015	1.125	1.125	7.00

Note: The total local option sales tax of 2.25% consists of the City's rate of 1.125% and County rate of 1.125%, earmarked entirely for Williamson County schools. The local option tax can be increased by a maximum of .50% to 1.175% by a referendum vote of the citizens.

REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

LOCAL SALES TAX REVENUE BY INDUSTRY, PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS, FISCAL YEARS 2006 AND 2015 (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year 2006										
Sector	Number	% of	Tax	% of							
	of Filers	Total	Liability	Total							
1 Retail Trade	616	50.66%	\$13,876,988	77.88%							
2 Services	361	29.69%	\$2,555,699	14.34%							
3 Manufacturing	57	4.69%	\$429,681	2.41%							
4 Wholesale Trade	97	7.98%	\$203,227	1.14%							
5 Construction	21	1.73%	\$265,391	1.49%							
6 Finance Insurance Real Estate	13	1.07%	\$7,402	0.04%							
7 Transportation and Utilities	12	0.99%	\$285,592	1.60%							
8 Agriculture	10	0.82%	\$25,526	0.14%							
9 Other, Non Classified	29	2.38%	\$170,053	0.95%							
Total	1216	100.00%	\$17,819,559	100.00%							

	Fiscal Year 2015										
Sector	Number	% of	Tax	% of							
	of Filers	Total	Liability	Total							
1 Retail Trade	596	47.53%	\$18,030,746	74.98%							
2 Services	372	29.67%	\$3,237,554	13.46%							
3 Manufacturing	50	3.99%	\$216,831	0.90%							
4 Wholesale Trade	94	7.50%	\$819,830	3.41%							
5 Construction	24	1.91%	\$211,112	0.88%							
6 Finance Insurance Real Estate	18	1.44%	\$525,480	2.19%							
7 Transportation and Utilities	14	1.12%	\$386,289	1.61%							
8 Agriculture	14	1.12%	\$24,156	0.10%							
9 Other, Non Classified	72	5.74%	\$596,882	2.48%							
Total	1254	100.00%	\$24.048.880	100.00%							

Source: Tennessee Department of Revenue, Research Section

Notes:

- 1. Figures subject to revision due to amended taxpayer returns.
- 2. Figures represent local sales tax collected by taxpayers during the period, not disbursements from the Department of Revenue. Thus, amounts presented above do not match to amounts reflected within the financial report.
- 3. Changes in local telecommunications sourcing rules in 2003 reduced the number of taxpayers reporting in Transportation and Utilities.
- 4. Does not include Brentwood's share of county clerk or out-of-state taxpayer amounts.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR	GENI	ERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	 ER & SEWER	STA	TE/TML WATER LOANS	 CAL PRIMARY OVERNMENT	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME *	PER C	CAPITA *
2006	\$	26,521,854	\$ 7,800,506	\$	947,104	\$ 35,269,464	2.0%	\$	1,152
2007		24,783,304	6,953,348		699,459	32,436,111	1.7%		920
2008		27,734,754	6,056,754		443,768	34,235,276	1.8%		971
2009		25,531,204	15,115,227		179,770	40,826,201	2.0%		1,158
2010		28,612,374	14,153,311		-	42,765,685	1.9%		1,224
2011		26,540,378	23,151,846		-	49,692,224	2.1%		1,350
2012		29,436,074	28,318,417		-	57,754,491	2.4%		1,558
2013		27,926,990	27,068,131		-	54,995,121	2.3%		1,484
2014		30,406,988	28,821,143		-	59,228,131	2.6%		1,480
2015		27,790,080	27,175,100		-	54,965,180	2.3%		1,360

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{*}Calculated information provided on page 110 (Demographic and Economic Statistics).

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)	 2006	 2007		2008	 2009		2010	_	2011	_	2012	2013	2014	2015
General bonded debt outstanding general obligation bonds	\$ 26,522	\$ 24,783	\$	27,735	\$ 25,531	\$	28,612	\$	26,540	\$	29,436	\$ 27,927	\$ 30,407	\$ 27,790
Percentage of taxable assessed property value**	1.85%	1.37%		1.43%	1.25%		1.37%		1.27%		1.25%	1.18%	1.26%	1.10%
Per capita***	866.25	702.83		786.53	724.04		820.00		723.15		794.28	753.56	759.78	687.86
Less: Amounts set aside to repay general debt	 3,023	 3,537		3,865	 3,732		3,979		3,943		3,793	3,712	3,706	3,621
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	\$ 23,499	\$ 21,246	\$	23,870	\$ 21,799	\$	24,936	\$	22,597	\$	25,643	\$ 24,215	\$ 26,701	\$ 24,169
Legal debt limit	 	 	_		 	_								
Legal debt margin*	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit*	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} The City has no legal debt margin set by ordinance.

^{**} Property value obtained from page 99 (Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property)

^{***}Per capita information calculated with information obtained on page 110 (Demographic and Economic Statistics).

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (UNAUDITED)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	DEBT OUTSTANDING (IN THOUSANDS)		ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE (1)	ESTIMATED SHARE OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT (2)		
Direct: City of Brentwood	\$	27,790	100.0%	\$	27,790	
Overlapping: Williamson County		518,380	28.9%		149,735	
Total	\$	546,170		\$	177,525	

⁽¹⁾ Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in City of Brentwood to valuation of property subject to taxation in Williamson County as of 6/30/2015.

⁽²⁾ Amount in debt outstanding column multiplied by percentage applicable.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

WATER & SEWER REVENUE BONDS

	UTILITY	LESS:	NET				
FISCAL	SERVICE	OPERATING	AVAILABLE	DEBT SER	RVICE REQUIREM	IENTS	
YEAR	CHARGES*	EXPENSES**	REVENUE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	COVERAGE
2006	13,320,702	7,551,700	5,769,002	1,365,000	321,380	1,686,380	3.42
2007	15,333,635	7,824,784	7,508,851	895,000	327,361	1,222,361	6.14
2008	13,810,926	9,287,489	4,523,437	940,000	235,022	1,175,022	3.85
2009	14,298,653	9,283,068	5,015,585	980,000	304,130	1,284,130	3.91
2010	13,549,064	9,367,100	4,181,964	995,000	423,732	1,418,732	2.95
2011	15,386,840	9,967,900	5,418,940	1,030,000	732,818	1,762,818	3.07
2012	17,844,323	9,834,663	8,009,660	1,480,000	795,532	2,275,532	3.52
2013	16,625,776	11,119,462	5,506,314	1,300,000	840,405	2,140,405	2.57
2014	17,181,977	12,394,282	4,787,695	2,220,000	873,342	3,093,342	1.55
2015	17,313,610	11,977,861	5,335,749	1,640,000	844,340	2,484,340	2.15

^{*}Includes nonoperating revenues (includes water and sewer tap fees beginning in 2006).

^{**}Does not include depreciation and amortization.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

PERSONAL INCOME

CALENDAR YEAR	POPULATION	_	(IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) ^a	PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME ^a	MEDIAN AGE ^a	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT ^b	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE ^c
2006	30,617	1	1,732,953	56,601	42.9	8,872	3.9%
2007	35,262	2	1,938,705	54,980	43.3	9,512	3.4%
2008	35,262	2	1,938,705	54,980	43.3	10,422	5.0%
2009	35,262	2	2,046,959	58,050	43.7	10,136	7.1%
2010	35,262	2	2,279,265	64,638	44.0	10,896	6.1%
2011	37,060	3	2,327,553	62,805	44.0	11,292	6.7%
2012	37,060	3	2,380,030	64,221	44.0	11,155	5.9%
2013	37,060	3	2,380,030	64,221	40.3	11,078	6.2%
2014	40,021	4	2,280,357	56,979	43.3	11,312	5.7%
2015	40,401	5	2,384,629	59,024	43.6	11,703	5.7%

¹ Based on 2004 special census report

² Based on 2006 special census report

³ Based on 2010 US Bureau of the Census report

⁴ Based on 2014 US Bureau of the Census estimate

⁵ Based on 2015 City Special Census Certified Report

^a Source - Williamson Economic Development Council

^b Source - Williamson County Public Schools and Private School with Brentwood Student Enrollment

^c Source - U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED)

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2015		2006				
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT		
НСА	2,002	1	11.02 %					
Comdata	1,000	2	5.50	864	1	5.55 %		
Tractor Supply Company	910	3	5.01	350	7	2.25		
Brookdale Senior Living	730	4	4.02					
DaVita (acquired Gambro Healthcare)	650	5	3.58					
AT&T	515	6	2.83	500	4	3.21		
The Lampo Group (Dave Ramsey)	458	7	2.52					
Lattimore Black Morgan & Cain	450	8	2.48	250	10	1.61		
W Squared	450	9	2.48					
City of Brentwood	270	10	1.49	263	9	1.69		
Community Health Systems				701	2	4.51		
EDS				570	3	3.66		
Progency Marketing Innovations				450	5	2.89		
Gambro Healthcare				350	6	2.25		
Cingular Wireless				300	8	1.93		
EMI Christian Music Group				250	10	1.61		
St. Paul Travelers Co. Inc.				250	10	1.61		
Total	7,435		40.92 %	5,098		32.77 %		
Total employment	18,168	*		15,559	*			

Source:

^{*} Total employment numbers from US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>
GENERAL GOVT.										
City Manager	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Finance	7	8	7	7	7	7.5	7.5	7.5	7	7.5
Human Resources	2	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Information Technology	4	4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Planning and Development	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Codes	9	8	9.5	9.5	9.0	9.5	8.5	9	8.5	8.5
GIS	<u>-</u> _	2	4	3.5	4.5	4.5	3	3	3	3
	30	32	37	36.5	36.0	37.0	35.5	35	34	35
POLICE										
Officers	54	62	58	58	55.0	55.0	56.0	54	56	58
Civilians	13	10	12	13	13.5	14.0	15.0	14	16.5	15.5
FIRE										
Firefighters & Officers	57	57	58	61	61	63	61	63	62	61
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
PUBLIC WORKS										
Engineering	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works - Streets	22	19	22	22.5	22.5	22	22	22	23	23
UTILITES										
Water	11	11	12	13	13	12	13	13	13	13
Wastewater	12	12	13	13	12	12	13	12	13	13
PARKS & RECREATION	19	17	17	18	19	18	17	20	21	20
LIBRARY	23	26	26	26	28	26	28.5	29	26	29
Total	246	251	261	266	265	264	266	267	270	272

Source: City of Brentwood Personnel Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Government										
Building permits issued Building related inspections	1,629 16,078	1,410 14,035	1,160 14,299	795 12,320	909 8,908	968 9,778	979 10,318	974 10,639	971 10,095	931 9,927
Police										
Physical arrests	812	965	1,234	1,251	964	1,082	1,244	1,078	1137	960
Parking violations	58	36	178	122	44	73	70	68	95	24
Traffic violations	8,464	11,002	11,068	8,805	6,632	5,963	6,282	5,875	5019	3906
Fire										
Emergency responses	2,408	2,467	2,441	2,455	2,473	2,622	2,742	2,721	2,961	3,018
Fires extinguished	123	112	78	86	67	102	92	81	79	67
Inspections (Commercial)	453	470	482	488	492	494	1,407	716	732	704
Public Works										
Street resurfacing (miles)	25.35	17.68	18.76	21.98	18.85	20.60	18.06	16.9	22.20	19.26
Potholes repaired	258	228	244	471	723	352	389	188	285	408
Library										
Volumes in collection	124,866	133,778	143,822	150,610	155,541	165,714	226,180	270,953	316,811	361,486
Total volumes borrowed	458,589	480,268	523,914	566,798	624,000	678,533	653,297	655,761	680,510	677,261
Water										
New connections	128	111	326	80	77	144	172	161	176	182
Water main breaks	9	13	27	11	15	15	12	13	12	7
Monthly average daily flow	105,000,000	153,305,000	162,000,000	159,000,000	142,754,333	147,709,000	153,415,000	150,165,000	156,000,000	170,300,000
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	6,137.00	5,589.00	5,900.00	5,380.00	5,385.00	4,540.00	4,400.00	5,200.00	5,050.00	5,187.00

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF BRENTWOOD

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
D. 11										
Police								_		
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
Patrol Units	64	65	70	66	67	67	66	65	67	67
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	417	417	422	424	456	459	461	466	469	479
Streetlights	2,607	3,249	3,289	3,354	3,401	3,422	3,439	3491	3513	3614
Traffic signals	39	40	42	42	43	44	46	46	46	47
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	560	580	580	580	610	862	862	966	966	966
Playgrounds	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball diamonds	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Soccer/football fields	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Water										
Water mains (miles) *	216	235	198	220	205	206	206	208	213	217
Fire hydrants	2,045	2,100	2,231	2,290	2,320	2,339	2,036	2411	2438	2475
Storage capacity	14,000	14,790	14,790	14,790	14,520	14,020	14,020	14,020	14,020	14,025
(thousand of gallons)										
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	245	260	260	260	269	269	268	277	281	285

Source: Various City Departments

^{*}Previously, number of water main miles were based on manual estimates. Due to recently completed GIS survey work, the 2008 and subsequent information is more accurate.

COMPLIANCE SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Brentwood Brentwood, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Brentwood, Tennessee (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

elin & Associates, PLLC

Nashville, Tennessee



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners City of Brentwood Brentwood, Tennessee

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Brentwood, Tennessee's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Brentwood, Tennessee complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nashville, Tennessee December 28, 2015

oslin & Associates, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmod	<u>dified</u>
Internal control over financial reportin	g:		
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	?	yes yes	x no x none reported
Noncompliance material to financial se	tatements noted?	yes	<u>x</u> no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	?	yes yes	x no none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on com	npliance for major program	<u>Unmod</u>	<u>ified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are re in accordance with Section 510(a) of		yes	<u>x</u> no
Identification of major programs for the	ne City of Brentwood for the fis	scal year ende	d June 30, 2015 are:
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program	<u>1</u>	
20.205	Highway Planning and Constr	ruction	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	etween Type A and Type B prog	grams: §	<u>8300,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	s <u>x</u> no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - Continued YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None Reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None Reported.

SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

There were no prior year audit findings for the City of Brentwood, Tennessee.